HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

A DISSERTATION
SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF THE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF ARTS
AND LITERATURE IN CANDIDACY FOR THE DEGREE
OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY
(DEPARTMENT OF SEMITICS)

BY
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TO

MY PARENTS
PREFACE

During my studies at the University of Chicago I have become deeply indebted to various members of the Semitic faculty: Messrs. Price, Willett, J. M. P. Smith, Luckenbill. To Professor Breasted in particular, under whom all the work in my principal subject has been done, I owe thanks not only for the stimulus imparted in his classes and for the use of his Pyramid Texts manuscript, but also for the inspiration of close personal contact and friendship.

Thomas George Allen

Chicago
1915
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INTRODUCTION

In a group of five pyramids at Sakkara, the tombs of Fifth- and Sixth-Dynasty pharaohs of Egypt who ruled from about 2650 to 2475 B.C., is preserved the largest body of inscriptions known anywhere from that remote age. These mortuary and religious texts not only present through their allusions an invaluable commentary on early Egyptian civilization, but they reveal the earliest discernible phases of man's thoughts on the great problems of cosmic origin and human destiny. Their separate elements prove upon examination to have been composed under varying circumstances by which some portions can be dated as early as the predynastic age before the Delta was conquered by the Southland under Menes and the Two Lands thus finally united into one nation. But varying conceptions had already been so thoroughly amalgamated that the vicissitudes through which originally local beliefs and cults had passed are, it would seem, untraceable. It was to facilitate such progress as may, however, be possible along this line, that I at first planned to segregate and classify all references to all the deities mentioned in the Pyramid Texts.

The immediate requisite was a translation of the documents. Maspero's pioneer text, and with it many of his interpretations, had been superseded by the new text edition of Sethe, which appeared in 1908-10. The latter had autographed a preliminary translation with his text as previously transcribed for the monumental Berlin Dictionary of the Egyptian language, which has been in course of preparation by the four great academies of Germany since 1897. Another independent translation, based on the new text, but also preliminary, and in manuscript only, except for quotations used in his volume, had been made by Professor Breasted in preparation for the Morse Lectures which he delivered in 1912. Using this latest translation as a guide, and with constant comparison of kindred

1 Published first serially in *Rec. de Trav.*, then together as *Les Inscriptions des pyramides de Saqqarah*. Paris, 1894.


3 Published under title of *Development of Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt*. New York, 1912.
elements, I then made for myself a complete version of the Pyramid Texts.

All occurrences of divine names and epithets were next listed. Differentiation of independent deities from the mass proved a rather arbitrary matter. Not only do various types of supernatural beings appear, from the great cosmic powers down to representatives of the animal and vegetable world,\(^4\) geographic incarnations,\(^5\) and even inanimate objects,\(^6\) but epithets or apparent epithets often stand in place of names. It was finally decided to consider primarily:

1. Terms regularly used as principal designation of well-known deities.

2. Terms apparently used as principal designation of less-known deities, whether traceable to epithetical origin\(^7\) or not.

3. Names of celestial bodies, animals, and serpents, appearing as supernatural agents.

The following classes were among those set aside:


2. Names of barques and crowns (unless supernatural serpent-element be involved).

3. Terms whose formation or use suggests merely epithetical function, whether or not the deity to whom they apply be determinable. Two special types of this class are: \((a)\) epithets in form of prepositional phrases; \((b)\) epithets used as mystic names only.

An index of all occurrences in the Pyramid Texts of divine names selected on the foregoing basis forms an appendix to this dissertation.

With the excessive wealth of material which even this selected list revealed, the original plan was, however, found to be too comprehensive for the purposes of a thesis. The god Horus, then, or rather the group of Horuses, has formed the main subject of investigation for the present.\(^7\)\(^a\)

In arriving at the translations which lie back of the Horus-citations, it became painfully evident that, apart from their archaic character, the Pyramid Texts, though engraved for the king himself, are by no means free from the textual corruptions so common in later

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\(^{4}\) E.g., serpents, kamw-i-bird, y-im- and šh-trees of Pyr. 508, etc.

\(^{5}\) E.g., ṣan-t, “the West,” in Pyr. 282 and 284.

\(^{6}\) E.g., the Northern crown under various names in Pyr. 196.

\(^{7}\) As e.g., Dhwty, Ṣḥt-k1-w, Ṣnty-gmnty-w.

\(^{7}\) G. Van der Leeuw’s more general study of the Godvorstellung in de oudaeypptische pyramidetexten (Lekten, Brill, 1916) came to my attention while my own work was in the press.
days. The signs $k$ and $nb$ are often confused, but fortunately cause little difficulty. Dittography or omission of even whole phrases appears; sometimes even one element of a pun is lost. Again, just as the pointing has occasionally obscured the sense of a Hebrew passage, wrong determinatives have sometimes found a place in these pyramid copies of more ancient texts. More serious corruptions occur, such as that of $T^2\gamma\cdot t$ in Pyr. 2074 (cf. 1794), where the parallelism of two or more bits of text is not so readily discoverable or where no parallel exists. To such scribal errors as these are probably due many of the passages which now defy translation.

Accurate interpretation is made difficult also by the fact that personal pronouns are often used ambiguously; and, worst of all, the being to whom a pronoun refers may even be left entirely unnamed, so that the reader naturally connects the pronoun with the last suitable noun preceding, until some parallel phrase is noticed which reveals his error.

Through the grouping together of like statements in this dissertation and in contemplated future treatment of other gods besides Horus, textual criticism may, it is hoped, be somewhat assisted; but the primary effort has been to set down the tenor of the texts as they now stand.

The solar element in Horus clearly predominates. The only Horuses named in as many as five Pyr. paragraphs are:

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* E.g., Pyr. 2675.  
E.g., Pyr. 385P.  
E.g., Pyr. 51cW.  
Cf. Pyr. 629 with 639.  
Cf. Pyr. 829 with 839.  
Cf. Pyr. 1227 (P 97) and in 21b; probably so in 472 (E 112).  
Cf. Pyr. 249 (F 153), cf. 614 (F 154); probably so in parts of the offering ritual, cf. F 106 ff.

A detailed outline of the classification is included in the Table of Contents. The grouping of citations in the various subdivisions depends chiefly on alphabetic order of Egyptian key-words, in connection with sequence of paragraphs in Seneh's text. As the headlines cannot be made mutually exclusive, cross-references to more extended statements are frequent. The king, whether representing Osiris or not, is treated independently; and, where the key-words are divine names, the king comes last.
Breasted\textsuperscript{15} has already indicated the celestial nature of Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 5. Dewat too in this age is a quasi-celestial region,\textsuperscript{16} and \textit{Hr špd} in the Pyramid Texts is mentioned in celestial connections exclusively. The less common epithets of Horus are likewise largely celestial, as is his habitat.

On the other hand, the genealogy of Horus is almost as wholly Osirian as his physical nature is human. It is, however, stated that Horus, son of Osiris, is also son of Hathor;\textsuperscript{17} \textit{Hr špd} came forth from the king (=Osiris) and Isis-Sothis;\textsuperscript{18} and the cloud-lord Orion, once called father of Horus,\textsuperscript{19} is in Pyr. 819 identified with Osiris and is several times\textsuperscript{20} connected with him. These few cases form but a slender link between the celestial Horus and the terrestrial Osiris; it must be noted too that the Orion connection is obtained only by moving Osiris skyward.

The most detailed myth traceable is that which records how Horus was born to Isis in Khemmis, fought with Set in his young manhood, and after recovering his eye,\textsuperscript{21} which Set had taken and swallowed, bestowed it upon his father Osiris. The judicial proceedings which ensued at Heliopolis seem to have been a trial of Horus himself,\textsuperscript{22} or again to have concerned the eye.\textsuperscript{23} They resulted in any case in the defeat of Set.

Hostility between Horus and the dead appears in only three incidents: The king comes to Nut, having shaken off Horus behind him;\textsuperscript{24} Re does not let Horus and Osiris gain control over the king’s heart;\textsuperscript{25} and one Horus warns away from the king’s pyramid the protégés of another Horus, a comrade of Set, Osiris, etc.\textsuperscript{26} Elsewhere, Horus is rather called upon to aid the dead king, not only by such offices as the myth assigned him on behalf of Osiris, but in many purely solar connections, especially noticeable in the sections on purification,\textsuperscript{27} ascent,\textsuperscript{28} deification,\textsuperscript{29} and rule.\textsuperscript{30} Moreover, the celestial Horus

\textsuperscript{15} Development of Religion and Thought, pp. 154 ff.
\textsuperscript{16} Breasted, op. cit., p. 144, n. 2.
\textsuperscript{17} C 10. \textsuperscript{17} C 10. \textsuperscript{17} C 11. \textsuperscript{17} Pyr. 188, 882–83, 925. 959–60.
\textsuperscript{18} A solar touch in Pyr. 670 (F 42) is that Horus “circled about in search of his eye.”
\textsuperscript{19} G 44, 54.
\textsuperscript{20} F 72, 48, 59, 100. On the judgment see also G 57–58.
\textsuperscript{21} Pyr. 259 (C 72).
\textsuperscript{22} Pyr. 145–46 (C 59; E 178–79).
\textsuperscript{23} Pyr. 1234–74 (E 180–81).
\textsuperscript{24} E 94 ff. \textsuperscript{24} E 168 ff. \textsuperscript{24} E 121 ff. \textsuperscript{24} E 142–45; note also E 150, 150, 166, 170, 173.
is utilized in magic rites: "charms of Harakhte" must be learned; Re and Horus together are involved in a serpent-charm; and Horus, Isis, and Atum restrain a (celestial?) bull (from harming the king).

The actual god might not be present to assist the dead. But he was in many cases impersonated by the officiating priest. Parallel to the instances in which Horus is said to bestow his eye (representing various offerings) upon the king are others in which an unnamed "I" (presumably the priest) likewise presents the eye of Horus. The king is here regularly called Osiris. This "I" occasionally calls himself "Horus" and even "thy son Horus." So the Osirian relationship of father and son was re-enacted between the participants in the mortuary ritual.

As the priest's services for the dead symbolized those of Horus for his father Osiris, so the eye of Horus, the gift of which was involved in the myth, was first transformed into a symbol for any form of mortuary offering. Then the mortuary functions of Horus were delegated to his eye in its various capacities: the eye could avenge the deceased, help him ascend, etc., as had Horus himself. The eye of Horus was further identified with the sun, and, like Horus himself, endowed with human form. Lastly, the deceased king's own person, so often identified with Horus, became identified likewise with the magic Horus-eye.

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ii Pyr. 855-58 (D 223).
iii Pyr. 673 (D 249).
iv Pyr. 1302 (D 151).
** Summarized in E 176.
* See F 228 ff.
* Pyr. 698N (F 280), either an instance of identification of Re and Horus or a further case of the eye assuming place originally belonging to Horus himself.
- Pyr. 2088 and 2090 (F 318-19).
- F 130.
SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Arabic numbers cited alone or following the word "Pyr." refer to the paragraphs in Sethe, *Die altägyptischen Pyramidentexte*, corresponding also to the Zettel-numbers of the Berlin Dictionary. Small letters occasionally following these numbers indicate individual lines of Sethe's paragraphs. The capital letters W, T, P, M, and N sometimes added are conventional abbreviations for the names of the builders of the respective pyramids; they serve to distinguish parallel texts. To avoid confusion, no citations have been made by Spruch-numbers.

Arabic numbers preceded by one of the capital letters A–H refer to other portions of the thesis itself.

Titles of books and periodicals are, it is thought, cited with sufficient fulness. Where Breasted is quoted without a title following, reference is to his manuscript translation of the Pyramid Texts.

Egyptian words (in italics) are transliterated as in modern German treatises, except that the two signs ḫ and ḫ have both been replaced by y.

[ ] indicates restoration.
' indicates uncertainty.
( ) indicates explanatory additions by the author.
- indicates construct relation or compound preposition.
* separates formative elements of words.
——— represents each word lost, up to five words.
——— represents more than five words lost.
... is sometimes inserted to mark omitted portions of a phrase.
HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

OCCURRENCES OF THE NAME

See ḫrwy in Appendix.

FORMS

except in the following cases:

in W only, in 18, 58–60, 64, 72, 73, 76–81, 83–87, 91, 94, 95, 97–100, 115, 304, 487.

in M only, in 1686 and 1690; may not be Horus.

dual, in 457W and 695TN.¹

nisbe fem. pl., in 487WN, 598PN, 770PMN, 961PMN, 1735N, 1928N, 2099N.

nisbe fem. pl., in 943N.

nisbe fem. pl., in 598T.

nisbe fem. pl., in 943PM.

¹ Cf.

(Ḥr·w·y·mḥ) as n. pr. in Aeg. Inschriften aus den k. Museen zu Berlin, II, 318. ḫr·wy occurs also on a Ptolemaic stela published by Tourtellot in Rec. de Trav., XXXVI, 72; this is clearly not a writing of Alum as assumed in the review in Ancient Egypt, 1915, p. 26. That ḫr·wy represents two separate gods is indicated in the latter case by the deceased lady’s epithet ḫt-p’t nṯr·wy.
Thomas George Allen

Classified References

* Not directly dependent on the name Horus.

A. Epithets—

1. 3w-nmt-t, "long-striding." *853(D 2)

2. ybty, "eastern." 440(C 73, D 28), 527(D 46), 982(D 48), 1085(D 34), 1087(C 127), 1132(D 49), 1258(C 51), 1410(D 47), 1414(D 66), 1478(D 11, D 124)

3. ybty, "of the horizon." 4(D 42), 7(H 2), 337(D 31, D 36), 342(D 35), *346(C 35), 348(C 58), 351(D 32, D 36), *353(D 44), 358(D 32, D 36), 360(D 38), 526(D 46), 855-56(D 223), 891P(D 57), 926(D 32), 927(D 37), *928(D 44), 932(D 32), 933(D 37), *934(D 44), 1040(D 60), *1085(D 34), 1087(C 127), 1103(D 53), 1384(H 9), 1411(D 47), 1415(D 66), 1449(E 148), 1478(D 11, D 124), 1693(C 57, B 9)

4. yd-w-r.f, "heir of his father." 316(D 7, G 54)

5. ymy Ybrt x, "(dweller) in Osiris X (king's name)." 19a(F 43), 21b(F 63), 55(F 43, F 77), 831(F 43)

6. ym(y)-w(y) b, "(dweller) in the palace," epithet of Horus and Set. *141(D 113)

7. ymy wd wr, "(dweller) in the great green (sea)." 1505(C 83)

8. ymy wnk-t, "(dweller) in the broad hall." 905(E 90)

9. ymy ywkt-w, "(dweller) among the falcons." *1872(E 164)

10. ymy pr-f, "(dweller) in his house." 1294(D 194)

11. ymy Spt-t, "(dweller) in Sothis." 632 and 1836(B 6)

12. ymy Dhk-rw-t, "(dweller) in Dhk-rw-t." *734(D 108)

13. 'nb, "living." 1807

14. 'nb-hw-s, "living of dawnings," Horus-name of Mernere. 7, 8

15. wd-dw, "green," epithet of Hfr-wy, dual. 457(H 4)

16. wd-dw, "bright green (bird)," an aspect of Hr Dwty. 1207(D 61)

17. wc, "sole one." *853(D 2), 854

* Possibly this god is meant by nbyh-t, "lord of the East," in 1488.

* Cf. pl. in 1155. A god called 'nby m ybk-t, "he who lives in the horizon," is mentioned in 151.

* The old readings of Osiris and Isis with prothetic y (Erman, Glossar, p. 16) are retained for convenience, though Erman has since shown (Zeitschrift für ägypt. Sprache, XLVI, 92) that name of former began with w and was probably either Wbr or Wby, while for Isis he now (Gram.* Schrifftäfel L) gives *w-t.

* Cf. 598(D 82). The reading 'b for "palace" appears most clearly in Pyr. 141 and 585. It was accepted by Erman in 1912 (Die Hieroglyphen, p. 32).

* Applied to Min in 1993(C 105).

* Cf. nby as son of Sothis in 455 and 1482P (MN have nby-'nby); 'nby m ybk-t, "him who lives in the horizon," a god otherwise unknown in 151; and 'wby 'nby 'nby m w-f, "the living star presiding over his brothers," with whom king is compared in 904.

* Cf. wd pr m Wd-t, "green one who came forth from (the goddess) Bujo," in vocative in 1875.

* Cf. wfr, epithet of king as knt pr t, "bull of the sky," in 293; wfr pr d r, nh, "this one who endures every day," used of some solar divinity in 1078; nh fr, "the sole lord," perhaps applying to knt-Nbr, "the bull of Hieracopolis," in 276; brfr wc-f, "him who is by himself," a solar divinity in 309.
A. Epithets—

18 ur (y) m(y) Ynw, “great one (dwelling) in Heliopolis,” epithet of Ḫr·wy, dual. 695(H 5)
19 ur pn, “this great one.” *103(F 425), *583
20 ur ṣ-ur, “great one, son of a great one.” *852(G 27) 44
21 b3 ym ḫr·f, “soul (dwelling) in his blood.” *854(D 55)
22 byk ntr y, “divine falcon,” an aspect of Ḫr Duḥty. 1207(D 61)
23 pr m Ḫry, “he who came forth from the Nile.” *2047(C 79)
24 pr m ṣḥt, “he who came forth from the ṣḥt-serpent.” 681(C 80)
25 pr m ṣḥњ, “he who came forth from the accacia.” *436(G 50)
26 mryy-t3-wy, “beloved of the Two Lands,” Horus-name of Pepi I. 6.44 7
27 mḥty, “northern.” 1295(D 88)
28 transliteration and translation uncertain; form below. 1863(C 104)

29 ny-ṭw t-njr w, “king of the gods.” 1458(E 123)
30 nḥ p̄ b·t, “lord of the horizon,” epithet of Harakhte. 7b
31 nḥ wḏ, “lord of the green (cosmetic?).” 457(D 24)
32 nḥ ṭf, “lord of the sky.” 888(D 5)
33 nḥ p̄·t, “lord of the sky,” epithet of Harakhte. 7b
34 nḥ p̄·t, “lord of men.” 14(E 86), 737(F 149), 1258(C 51), 1804(E 146)
35 nḥ p̄·t nḥ w, “lord of men and gods.” 895(C 99)
36 nḥ mḏ·t, “lord of the ladder.” *974, *980(D 183)
37 nb b·wy, “lord of the Two Lands.” 1258(C 51)
38 nb dṯ·w, “lord of food,” epithet of Ḫr·wy, dual. 695(H 5)
39 Nhny, “of Hieraconpolis.” 295–96(D 236), 1293(E 98, D 194), 2011(E 141)
40 nḥn ḫrd, “young, child.” 1320(C 49)
41 nṯr, “god.” *971, *974–75(D 252), *978–80(D 253), *1863(C 104)
42 nṯr w, “of the gods.” 525(D 46), 981(D 48), 986(D 65), 999(D 39),
1086(D 34), 1408(D 47), 1412(D 66)
43 nṯr ḫ, “great god.” *701(F 427)

34 Cf. ḫn Ynw, “(dweller) in Heliopolis,” a magical name applied to king in 181.
In 718 king is identified with ḫn Ynw, “the bull of Heliopolis.”

41 Wr pn is applied to king as Osiris in 777–78, 1798.

43 In the break; cf. Pyr. 7a and Urkunden des Vo. Alleriums, I, 94:16.

44 Occurs independenly in 277, 409, 1172.

45 Cf. nb p·t apparently equated with Osiris in 964–68.

46 Dependent on nṯr for connection with Horus cf. 973b.

49 Cf. ḫn Nh, “the bull of Hieraconpolis,” in 270.

48 Cf. 973b with 974a.
A. Epithets—

44 nfr "great god," epithet of Harakhete.\(^{41}\) *7b
45 nfr-h3-"w, "god of dawning," Horus-name of Pepi II. 7, 8
46 nfr-sm3-w, "first-born god," epithet of Horus son of Osiris. \(^{466}(C 89)\)
47 nfr-wy, "the two gods," epithet of Horus and Set.\(^{1148}(C 69)\)
48 nfr-wy wpw wr-w(y) "two great gods," "these two great and powerful gods," epithet of Re and Horus.\(^{952}(C 110)\)
49 nfr-wy c3-wy, "the two great gods," epithet of Horus and Thoth.\(^{1571}(E 144)\)

50 nfr-wy, "he who avenged his father." 633 and 1637(B 8), 1685(E 74)
51 nfr-wy Ysfr, \(^{46} "he who avenged his father Osiris."
52 rsw, "lion." \(^{436}(G 50)\)
53 rsw-y, "hereditary prince." 1458(E 123)
54 rsw-y, "youthful." 25c and 767(E 17)
55 rsw-y, "intimate of the worthies of the (Sun-)god." \(^{815}PM\)
56 rsw-y, "southern." 1295(D 88)
57 hwty, "he of the maiden (or 'pupil [of the eye]?')." \(^{206}(G 274)\)
58 hry-yb Yru, "(dweller) within Yru." \(^{723}(D 93)\)
59 hry-yb Dw3-t, "(dweller) within Dewat." 1959(P 209)
60 hry-s3-d-p-t, "upon the s3d of the sky." \(^{800}(D 51), 1036(D 52)\)
61 hry-d3 j3-m-nfr n3-t m3-t, "master of his sustenance of truth." \(^{815}(E 114)\)
62 hry-d3 rsw-y, "master of his people." 644(C 81)

\(^{41}\) Is applied also to Osiris in 465(G 113), Geb in 1616, Re in 1471, and an otherwise unnamed solar deity in 1208(G 32).

\(^{43}\) Dual nfr without epithet occurs also in 273, 903.

\(^{44}\) Same phrase occurs once more, in 1630(D 284, cf. C 57).

\(^{45}\) Same phrase occurs also in 407, 1125-26, 1253, 1735, 1750, [1855]. Cf. also nfr-wy wpw c3-wy in 1010.

\(^{46}\) Cf. rw in 422 and 426, unintelligible; pr rw and pr nfr, referring possibly to Horus and Set, in 425; and phrase rw h3 rw n fr, "(one) lion is behind (another) lion for life," in 690. Horus is found wearing the lion-mask in 973(D 234).

\(^{47}\) The noun hwn-t itself occurs literally as "maiden" in 809 and 1487 and in hwn-t wr-t hyn-yb Yrw, "the great maiden (dwelling) within Heliopolis," in 728 and 2002; and figuratively as "pupil (of the eye)" in 93a(P 302) and 862a. Cf. also hwr-t wr-t ... hyn-yb Nh3, "the great hwr-t ... (dwelling) within El Kab," in 220a. Möllner (Ueber die in einem epathierischen Papyrus des Berl. Mus. erhaltenen Pyramidentexte, P. 23) suggests that this may be error for hwn-t; but hwr-t wr-t is represented by sm3-t wr-t, "the great wild cow," in the parallel text in 729a. May we understand that Horus is son of the maiden of Heliopolis?

\(^{48}\) Yrw occurs again in 804: king's waters came from Elephantine, his nfr-yb-natron from Yrw, his hwn-yb-natron from the Oxyrhynchite nome, and his inscription from Nubia (11 a); possibly also in 456a: "Sobk, (my) lord, (soul of Yrw)" (or 'Sobk, lord of Byrw')

\(^{49}\) In 539a and 540a king ascends to sky upon the s3d which is in the zenith (wpw wp(w) t); latter written in full in 854c, where Breasted so translates it.

\(^{50}\) In 1483 the offspring of Horus are said to live on truth (znyb m3-t).
A. Epithets—

63 Ḥm(y), “of Letopolis.” 2078(C 28)
64 ẖnty ḫȝ-w, “presider over the spirits.” 800(C 82), 1505(C 83), 1508(C 84), 1518(D 12)
65 ẖnty “nh-w,” “presider over the living.” 2103(C 103)
66 ẖnty pr-w, “presider over estates.” 133c(C 61, D 4)
67 ẖnty ṭw pr-w, “presiders over estates,” epithet of Ḥr-ỵ, dual. 695(H 5)
68 ẖnty mn-wt-f, “presider over his ‘thighs’” (cf. det. in 804). 804PMN and 1015P(C 85)
69 ẖnty mn-t-f, “presider over his “-1.” 1015N and 1719M(N)(C 88)
70 ẖnty Ḥm, “presider over Letopolis.” 810(D 1, G 55)
71 ẖnty ḫm-w ṣk, “presider over the imperishable ones,” epithet of Horus of Dewat. 1301(D 3)
72 ẖnty ḫnty ḫm-w, “presider presiding over the mighty.” *1294(D 194)
73 ẖnty D(w)t-f-t, “presider over Dewat.” 58b(D 72)
74 ḫḏḏ yḏ-ty, “blue-eyed.” 253(E 11)
75 Ḥḥty, “of Ḥḥt (a city).” 1257N(C 87)
76 ḫḏḏ nṯn, “the young child.” 1214(G 3)
77 ḫḏḏ nṯn ḫḏḏ ṭw m rḏ-j, “the young child with his finger in his mouth.” 663(D 292), 664(C 58)
78 stn ṣḏ-ḥ, “the son who avenged his father.” 633 and 1637(B 8)
79 ṣḏ, “sated.” 854
80 ḫḏḏ ṣḏ-ḥ ṭw, “the star that illumines the sky,” applied to Horus (of Dewat).

*360(D 45)

"Value ḫm is now assigned to

by Erman (Gram.², Schrifttafel O 74). It is indicated by such spellings as

(Pr. 1670a-N) and


11 Occurs in throne-name of Amenhotep III on a granite column in British Museum, No. 04 (Budge, Book of Kings, I, 139). Cf. the ḫḏḏ ṭw-pr-w, “house-spirits,” in 942 whose purity comes in connection with Horus’s purification of the king in 941(D 54). In 1881 nb-pr, “lord of the house,” is an epithet of the king.

12 Same epithet represents a god otherwise unnamed in 285T and 655TMN. In 1549P it is given to Osiris, while in 1552P it seems to belong with ḫḏḏ ṣḏ-ḥ.

13 Same epithet represents an otherwise unnamed divinity in 285W.

14 Same epithet appears independently in 419, 908, 1175, 1723.

15 Same epithet represents an unnamed god with whom king is identified in 715. Cf. also nb-mp w D(w)t ḫḏḏ ṭw, “lord of the Dewat-lakes,” in 1530.

16 P has the older ambiguous writing ṣḏy.

17 Same epithet represents a divinity with whom king is identified in the similar text 1455. In 1038 king ascends to sky as ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ṭw, “the great star (dwelling) within the East”; in 904 king is compared with ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ṭw ṭw, “the living star presiding over his brothers”; in 1048 king is adorned as ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ḫḏḏ ṭw ṭw ṭw, “the single star (dwelling) within Nut.”
A. Epithets—

81 śb  dh  w’d  wr, “the star that fertilized over the great green (sea),” epithet of Ḥr  ḥnty  yḥb·wr.  1508(C 84)

82 spd, “the ready.”  330W and 331T (latter spd·t) (C 112, D 73), 632 and 1636(C 40), *1863(C 104)79

83 šmnw, “the first-born.”79 301(D 263)

84 śhm  m  yḥb·t, “mighty over the horizon.” 853(D 2)

85 śʾhm  m  nby, “‘mighty over’ him of Ombos,”80 used after name of Horus as a royal title, the whole written as below. 6–8, 786

86 śhm  m  nfr·w, “mighty over the gods.” 853(D 2)

87 Škrm, “— .”79 1734(C 93)

88 śšt(y), “of ššt (a city).” 450W(C 73, D 28), 1257P(C 87)82

89 ln  m  s·šr·t·f, “he who went about in the protection of his eye.” 195(C 92), 198(C 1, C 92)

90 kmnty, “—.”79 342(D 35), 450(C 73, D 28), 456(D 155), 528(D 40), 983(D 48), 987(D 65), 1085(D 34), 1136(D 49), 1490(D 47), 1413(D 66), 1407(D 36), 2062(D 63)

91 tp(y)  yḥm·wt, “upon (or ‘at the head of’?) the yḥm·wt.” 951

92 tp(y)  nšm·w  ṣl(y), “at the head of the sweet-sounding ones,” epithet of Ḥr  Ḥnty  yḥb·w.  1518

93 y·tn  wnm·kš·t·f, “not repeating his work.” 1822(C 76)

94 Šmnty, “the gleaming one.”78 702(C 113)

95 Dwš-nfr, “Morning-star,” an aspect of Horus of Dewat. 1207(D 61)

96 D(w)ḥy, “of Dewat.”78 146(D 180), 362(D 45), 802(E 108), 877(C 114), 1134(D 49), 1207(D 61), 1258(C 51), 1301(D 3), 1734(C 93)

97 dšr  ṣr·t·f, “red-eyed.” 253(E 11)

98 dšr·t  ṣr·t·t·f, “the red crown that is on the head of Re,” epithet of Ḥr  Šmnty.  702(C 113)

99 Dbš-brw·t, “of Dbš-brw·t (a city).” 1693(C 105)

80 Ḥr  ḥp in as a unit is everywhere in P'y. written without the determinative

regularly found (as in 1883) with the independent divine name špd.

79 Cf. 309 and 313. the king, in 306 and 312 equated with Osrus, is in 309 identified with nfr·wr, “him who is by himself.” The parallel text in 313 has instead bršy rd·f, “him who is upon his foot.” In both cases the god is called šmnw-nfr·t, “first-born of the gods,” and is a solar divinity. Again in 306 the king, who seems to have become a solar god (cf. 304), is called šmnw·wr, “more first-born than the eldest.”

78 I. c., Set; cf. 294a.

79 Škrm occurs as an independent divine name in 4981, 1440, 2186.

80 N has the more exact Ḥnty.

81 Fem. kmnty·t is epithet of Sekhmet; cf. 262b and [2206].

82 This root occurs also in 911, 1147, 1349, 1460. In 911 km-t ṣr-t with Northern crown on basket as det. is “the bright red crown” (so Breasted). In 1147 king is šd prn n km-t·wt, “this band of ‘brightness’ (colors).” In 1469 the divinity Bšt is called Ḥnty, “with red ear and ‘gleaming jaw.’” (On ṣr·t·f as “jaw” cf. determinatives in P'y. 30 and Judges, Book of Opening the Mouth, 11, 102.) In 1660 king is nw n šmnw·t, “this brightness!” which came forth from YuNn·t.

80 Cf. ymy D(w)t, “dweller in Dewat,” in 330T and 331W(D 73).
B. Magical or Mystic Names—

1. \(\text{i}h\text{y} \text{my} \text{gdn} \text{w} \), "spirit (dwelling) in the gdnw-barque," used of \(\text{hr} \text{spd.}\) 633, 1637

2. \(\text{ym} \text{(y)} \text{hnw}, \) "(dweller) in the hnw-barque (Sokar’s)." 138

3. \(\text{nwr} \cdot \text{w} \cdot \text{n} \cdot \text{f} \cdot \text{t} \cdot \text{t} \cdot \text{d} \cdot \text{w} \cdot \text{n} \cdot \text{f} \cdot \text{p} \cdot \text{t}, \) "he before whom earth quakes and the sky trembles." 143

4. \(\text{R} \cdot \), "Re," used of \(\text{hr} \text{slt(y), hr sml(y), and Eastern Horus treated as one god.} 452

5. \(\text{hnw}, \) "hnw-barque (Sokar’s)." 620

6. \(\text{hr} \text{myy spd-t,} \) "Horus (dwelling) in Sothis," used of \(\text{hr} \text{spd.} 632, 1636

7. \(\text{hr} \text{lyy-lrp-t,} \) "Horus, t-1 of the rpl-t-chapel." 767

8. \(\text{hr} \text{st nbt,} \) "Horus, the son who avenged his father," used of \(\text{hr} \text{spd.} 633, 1637

9. \(\text{hr} \text{yr ntr-w,} \) "distant from the gods," used of Harakhite. 493

10. \(\text{ksh-fntrt}, \) "ruler of incense," 88 used of \(\text{hr} \text{slt(y), hr sml(y), and Eastern Horus treated as one god.} 452

11. \(\text{bpl bblb-t}, \) "blind in attack," 78 used of the Horus hostile to the dead. 1268

12. \(\text{km wr or bpl-bkm wr f,} \) "great black (t-1)." 1658(D 18)

C. Relationships—

I. Genealogical

1. \(\text{ybh-t wr-t (ybh-t-ul-t resp.)} \) bore king as Horus who went about in protection of his eye (\(\text{kn m sl-yr-t-f.}) 198

2. Horus is son of Isis. 1214(G 3), 1640(G 4)

3. Horus is son of Osiris. 22(G 10), 146(E 179), 179(G 8), 465(G 13), 466(C 89), 795(G 39), 898(C 102), 966(E 122, E 140), 1129(E 5), 1331(C 90)

4. Horus was born to Osiris, Set was conceived for Geb. 144

"Or \(\text{wr-w} \) The n-wave might be genitive; and \(\text{wr} \) alone probably does mean "quake" in 518a. Besides, \(\text{nwr,} \) which is found also in 281, 789, 955, 1183, 1270, 1357, 1555, and 2109, shows an initial nu-lar or -adze everywhere else except in 1855aN. But in our same text (W) \(\text{rfr} \cdot \text{y} \cdot \text{ym(y)} \cdot \text{bnw,} \) without genitive \(\text{n,} \) occurs in 1386, only four lines farther.

78 Bpl bblb-t is a mystic name of king as Osiris in 580: rpl-t alone (with fuller writing rpw-t in 1349 and 207) is a chapel (shown by word-sign in 580 and 767, used as det. in 823 and 1349), located in Heliopolis (322) or in Dendera (207).

"Budge's translation of \(\text{mnn} \) (Literary of Funerary Offerings, p. 46) as "Sovereign of the divine Se (Se being 'fluid of life')," for which he credits Maspero, results from a misreading of the third sign as \(\text{mnn} \)

and failure to distinguish between \(\text{t} \) and \(\text{s} \), as was still done in the Pyramid Age.

88 Used as mystic name of the hostile \(\text{bly-w} \) and \(\text{yly-w yly-yw} \) in 1274(E 181). Our \(\text{blw} \) (spelled \(\text{blw} \) in 1274) is found as verb \(\text{blw} \) also in 651PM, where \(\text{T} \) shows the more exact radicals \(\text{blw} \) used again in 688 and listed in Erman (Glossar, 99) with the meanings "etwas in etwas anreiben, cinmischen."

88 Km wr is a mystic name of king in 628 and 1630, is a god in 1390, and is an enemy of the king in 1550. The name is used elsewhere (outside of Pyr.) for the Bitter Lakes.
C. Relationships

5 Osiris is father of Horus. 13(E 86), 146(E 179), 176(G 11), 472(E 112), 492(E 4), 573(C 101), 740(G 16), 758(G 14), 898(C 102), 1215(G 3), 1330(G 9), 1406(D 204), 1658, 1828(G 23), 1730(G 19), 1799(D 261), 1860(G 20), 1980(G 25), 2115(E 163)

6 Horus is son of Atum. 874(H 6), 881(D 56)

7 Horus is a great one, son of a great one (or s3- wr) 852

8 Horus of Dewat and the king are children (m3• w) of Nut.95 1213(D 181)

9 He calls himself brother ‘of (Horus-)Soped’ 1863(C 104)

10 Horus the son of Osiris is also son of Hathor. 466(C 89)

11 The cloud-lord (m3 kry) Orion is father of Horus. 261(E 21)

12 Set is brother of Horus. 1742(P 226)

13 Horus is son of Geb. 973(C 91)

14 Horus the son of Osiris is seed (m3w• t) of Geb. 466(C 89)

15 Geb is father of Horus. 973(D 234), 977(F 50)

16 Horus is son of the king. 11(C 122), 44[C 64], 69(F 427), 192(E 40), 257(E 20), 578(E 72), 596(C 122), 1507(E 75), 1010(E 113), 1683(E 27), 1702(E 165), 1813(E 25), [1870](E 76), 1979(E 173, E 60), 1994(E 143)

17 King as Osiris is father of Horus. 101(E 35), 103, 258(D 138), 580(E 18), 589(E 18), 640(C 63), 650, 767(E 18), 1334(D 15), 1335(E 50), 1550(G 21)

18 King begets Horus. 143

19 Hr špd came forth from king and Isis-Sothis. 632, 1636

20 King begot (mâ) (or ‘is child of’?) Horus (dwelling) in Ḟ3• ḫrw• t. 734(D 108)

21 Horus was born to, and Set was conceived for, the king. 142

22 King was born to Horus, was conceived for Set, and received his purification in the Heliopolis-name from his father Atum. 211

23 Horus had children (mâ, m3• w).94 24(E 137), 619(E 101), 637(E 102, E 10), 643(E 2), 766(E 137), 1338(E 10), 1548(E 5, D 136), [1823](E 10, C 97), 1828(E 138)

24 King has joined himself with (am3• n• k bn) the (issue) of body of Horus (n• w h• t• f). 647

25 Horus had offspring. 647(mkyy• t T, m3w• t PN, mâ• t M) (G 31), 1333(mkyy• t P) (E 3), 1339(mâ• t P) (E 11)

26 Horus of Letopolis had offspring. 2078(m3w• t N) (A 3, E 14)

27 Horus the son of Osiris had an eldest daughter (dwelling) in Kdm (s3• t• fwr• t ymn• t Kdm).94 1008(E 75)

II. Position Occupied by Horus in Relation to Other Divinities

28 Belongs to Isis. 741(G 2)

29 Heir of his father. 316(D 7, G 54)

30 ‘Mighty over’ him of Ombos. 6-8 and 786(A 85)

* Children of Nut are mentioned again in 823, where probably Horus and Set are meant.

# For complete references to the four Horus-sons, see Supplement.

" Italicized here and following refer to the Supplement.

* But in 1777d (E 76) same phrase has pronoun k referring to king as Osiris. A related Kdm w (pl.) occurs in a broken and unintelligible passage, 1970b.
C. Relationships—
31 For relation to Ṣḥḥ-kšš: w, see 340(C 35).
32 Ḥmnmwfr, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhete, treated as one god, is one who oversees (m3 ḫr-ḏwš) the gods (nfr: :w) without any god overseeing him. 1479
33 For relations to the gods, see also 301(D 263), 454(F 89), 466(C 89), 853(D 22), 895(C 99), 1456(E 123), 1693(B 9).
34 Re-Harakhete a compound divinity. 1049(D 60).
35 King, like (yš) Har(akhte), is summoned by Re and receives offering from Ṣḥḥ-kšš: w. 346.
36 For relations to Re, see also 452(B 4), 702(C 112), 2046(D 40).
37 For relation to 'the maiden' (ḥmn-t) see 206(D 23).
38 For relations to Sokar, see 138(B 2), 620(B 5), 1823(C 97).
39 Ḥr ḫnty mn: :w-f (mny: :t-f resp.) seems to be identified with Ṣḥḥwty nb-škw: t. 804 and 1015(C 85).
40 Ḥr ṣp: is in Sothis. 632 and 1636(B 6).
41 Horus-Škn is a compound divinity. 1734(C 93).
42 Knows the worthies of the (Sun- )god (ṣp: :w-nfr). 815PM(A 55).
43 Heir of Geb. 1489(D 25).
44 For relation to Morning-star (Dws-mfr), see 1207(D 61).
45 Is in Osiris the king. 19(F 43), 21(F 63), 55(F 43), 77(F 77), 583, 831(F 43).
46 Is in embrace of Osiris the king and escapes not from (by: :w r) him. 636.
47 Has not escaped from king. 1633.
48 Is near (ḥš: m) king. 1234.
49 Horus, youthful child (nḫn hrd), is told of ascent of king to sky. 1320.

III. RELATIONS TO HORUS ON PART OF OTHER DIVINITIES

a) ACTIONS OF OTHER DIVINITIES TOWARD HORUS

50 Actions of ḫmr. See 555(D 169).
51 Isis and Nephthys prevent that Eastern Horus, Horus lord of men, Horus of Dewat, and Horus lord of the Two Lands decay. 1268.
52 After avenging king, Isis and Nephthys have given him to Horus. 584.
53 Actions of Isis. See also 1140(C 96).
54 Osiris speaks to Horus when latter has plucked out evil [from king]. 1978.
56 Nut has taken Horus and Set and their sorceresses (yr: :t-ḥšš: :w, =crows**) to be her two eyes. 823.
57 These two great and powerful gods (nfr: :w yw w w w y: :m: :y) who preside over the Field of Rushes (1690) cause that king live (again) and nfr the seasons (y: :t- :w) of Harakhete. 1693.
58 "These four gods who stand (leaning) upon the ḫm-staves of the sky" announce king to Re and Harakhete. 348.

** Cf. 1087-88(E 160, D 266).
*** Cf. later examples, as at Medinet Habu, transl. in Breasted, Ancient Records, IV., 66.

Parallels text of 339 defines these gods more closely as "these four first-born spirits presiding over the curly-haired ones (yḥ: :w ʾmš: :w ḫnty: :w ʾnkhšy: :w) who stand in the east side of the sky leaning (ḏfr) upon their ḫm staves"; in 340 they announce the king to Re and Ṣḥḥ-kšš: w.
C. Relationships —

59 Re-Atum gives not king to Osiris nor to Horus. 145
60 Actions of Re. See also 351 etc. (D 32), 562(D 45), 1103(D 33)
61 ḫnty ymnty · w brings food and offerings for ḫnty pr · w. 133
62 Geb brings Horus to Osiris the king to aid latter. 599, 612, 634
63 Geb has caused that Horus see his father Osiris the king. 640
64 [Osiris the king] is bidden to put [his son] Horus within him. 1148
65 King spreads out his arms behind Horus (i.e., embraces him as his ka, cf. D 192). 585, 636
66 King is bidden to loose Horus from his (cumbersome) regalia (šבת), that latter may punish followers of Set. 1285
67 King as Osiris is bidden to awake for (r § n) Horus and arise against (/up) r
Set. 793, 1259
68 King is bidden to awake for (r § n) Horus and arise for (/up) r
Set. 1710
69 King satisfies the two gods Horus and Set with a food-offering, so that they are satisfied and špt. 1148
70 Osiris the king is bidden to ascend to Horus. 586, 645
71 King has come to Horus. 1407, 1489, 1558(E 24)
72 King comes to Nut, having thrown his father to earth and shaken off (jb) Horus behind him. 250
73 King has come to ḫnty šḥ(y), ḫnty šmty(y), and Eastern Horus treated as one god. 450
74 Actions of king. See also 142(D 188), 337 etc. (D 36), 342(D 35), 360(D 38), 927 etc. (D 37), 999(D 39), 2036(D 165)

b) Position Occupied by Other Divinities in Relation to Horus

1. By others than the king:

75 By ḫnty py, Dw·wmw · t f, Šmty, and ḫnty śnt · w · f. See 601(C 4), 2101(D 208)
76 Geb has mystic name “Horus not repeating his work (Ḥnty y · tm whmn kbt · t · f).”
1622
77 Hostile serpent is asked: “Art thou Horus?... Art thou Set?” Apparently negative answer is expected. 685

2. By the king:

IDENTIFICATIONS

78 King is Horus, following context lost. 2147
79 King is Horus who came forth from the Nile (pr m ḫnty py), the bull that came forth from the walled town (ng(3) w) pr m ynb · t, the q·t-serpent that came forth from Re, the yfr t-serpent (uraeus) that came forth from Set, say the gods. 2047
80 King is Horus who came forth from the śnt-serpent. 681
81 King has mystic name “Horus master of his people (Ḥnty hry · ḫnty w · ḫnty).” 644
82 King is called “Horus presiding over the spirits (Ḥnty yḥḥ · w).” 800
(by Re)

Breasted here suggests “bonds”; but in all the other Pyr. occurrences of ḫnty (1089, 1373, 1507[D 285–87] and 1555) it seems to be used for “adorn” or “adornment.”
C. Relationships—

83 "‘Horus (dwelling) in the sea, Horus presiding over the spirits (Hfr ymy ḡḏ ṣw†, Hfr ḫnty yḏḏ-ḥw)’ are mystic names of Osiris or of king." 1505

84 "Horus presiding over the spirits, star which ferried over the sea (Ḥr ḫnty yḏḏ-ḥw, ḫḏḏ ḡḏ ṣw† ṣw†)" are mystic names of Re or of king. 1508

85 King is called "‘Horus presiding over his ‘thighs’ (Hfr ḫnty mn-ḏw ṣḏ), Ṣḥtwd, lord of Ṣnw-ḥt." 804(by Re), 1015(by Anubis)

86 King is called "‘Horus presiding over his ṣḏwt." 1015(by Anubis), 1719(by Re)

87 King has mystic name "Horus of Ṣḏ-wt." 1257Pnw

88 King is Horus, the young child with his finger in his mouth (ḥrd ṣḥa ḡḏḏ ḡḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ). 664

89 King is Horus the son of Osiris; is the first-born god, son of Hathor; is seed of Geb. 466

90 King is Horus, is ‘the son whom he loves (ṣḏ mr ḡḏ)’ of his father Osiris. 1331

91 King is Horus, son of Geb. 973

92 King is Horus who went about in the protection of his eye (šn ṣḏ ṣḏ-ḥr ṣḏ-wt). 105, 198

93 King has mystic names "Horus of Dewat, Horus-Škn, Horus (following lost)." 1734

94 King is Horus who adorned his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) with both his arms (ḏḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ-ḥr ṣḏ-wt ṣḏ-ḥr ṣḏ-wt). 1596

95 For king as Horus, see also 148(D 180), 316(D 7), 436(G 50), 493(E 4), 503(D 69), 723(D 93), 380(D 51), 552(D 132), 553(D 2), 1056(D 34), 1294(D 194), 1301(D 3), 2036(D 29, C 111), 2037(D 62)

COMPARISONS

96 Isis the Great dries (king) as if he were Horus (Hfr yḥ). 1140, [1733]

97 [Children of] Horus [are to carry] king [like (my) Horus in (Sokar’s) ḫnw-barque.] 1823

98 King ḡšt’s his waters etc. like (yḥ) Horus, and ‘distinguishes’ (wp) them like Wepwawet. 2032

99 King sits before divine ennead like (yḥ) Geb, like Osiris, like Horus lord of men and gods (nh-p ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ nṯṯ ṣḏ). 895

100 King is like (yḥ) Horus ______. 1915

101 King comes to ‘Anubis101 like (yḥ) Horus when he had avenged his father Osiris (nd ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ). 573

102 Isis and Nephthys grieve for king as if he were (yḥ) Horus who had avenged his father Osiris (nd ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ ṣḏ). 898

103 King dawns like (yḥ) Horus presiding over the living (ḥnty nṯṯ ūḏ). 2103

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101 The n following Horus may be initial of nd ṣḏ ṣḏ. "avenger of his father," as written in 898aN, or possibly of nh ṣḏ, "young," as in 1320P.

102 Cf. 574a.

103 Yḥ seems to be an error, for context clearly treats king not as Horus but as Osiris.
C. Relationships—

104 King hears Re’s speech as if he were the god, as if he were Horus

(when Re says): “I am thy brother, even ‘(of)’ Soped.” 1863(cf. C 9)

105 King commands the ḫmnw·t-people like ⟨yḥ⟩ Min (dwelling) in his house
and like Horus of ḫb·ḥrw·t. 1993

106 For other comparisons of king with Horus, see 4(D 42), 5(D 72), 206(D 274),
346(C 35), 353 etc. (D 44), 362(D 45), 860(D 50), 884(D 14), 768(D 8),
795(G 39), 798 etc. (D 9), 810(D 1), 874(H 6), 881(D 56), 891(D 57),
953(D 232), 1013(G 28), 1089(D 285), 1113(D 19), 1294(D 194), 1373
(D 280), 1507(D 287), 1539(G 18)

MISCELLANEOUS RELATIONS OF THE KING TO HORUS

107 King as Osiris has ascended before ⟨m bḥḥ⟩ Horus. 573

108 King’s right side is in Horus and his left side is in Set. 601(C 4)

109 King as Osiris has shone (or ‘become a spirit’) in (or ‘through’) Horus
⟨yḥ· n·k jm· f⟩. 633, 1637

110 King as Wng, son of Re, is announced to “these two great and mighty gods”
(Re and Horus; cf. 951). 952

111 King has come from (or ‘as ?’) Horus ⟨jm· f⟩. 2036

112 King knows ⟨rḥ⟩ the god ⟨ntr⟩, Re, Thoth, Ḥr ḫpwd, ymy Dwj· t, and the bull
of the sky ⟨kǐ-p· t⟩; and each of these is hidden to fail not to recognize
⟨m ḫm⟩ him. 327-32

113 King is greater than (3 r) Ḥr ẖmḥty,“ the red crown on head of Re (dśr· t
tpy· t ḫī). 702

114 King is that single star ascending in east of sky, who has not given his body to
Horus of Dewat. 877

115 On miscellaneous relations of the king to Horus, see also 27 etc. (D 267),
133(D 4), 301(D 263), 467(D 224), 535(D 198), 582 etc. (D 192), 836
(D 223), 888(D 5), 1218(D 6), 1254(D 196), 1355(D 269), 1406(D 204),
1690(D 264), 1824(D 104), 1827(D 97), 1988(D 26)

c) Attitude of Other Divinities toward Horus

116 Horus is beloved son of Osiris. 170(G 8), 1331(C 90)

117 The watchers ⟨urš· w⟩ purify themselves for Horus. 1945

118 Sky ⟨p· t⟩ purifies itself for Re, earth ⟨ḥ⟩ purifies itself for Horus. 951

119 The gods fear before ⟨nr n⟩ Horus. 1794

120 On attitude of ‘Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, as one god’, toward
Horus, see 1088(D 266)

121 Ṛnwa·t· t loves Horus. 454

122 Horus is beloved son of king as Osiris. 11, 644

123 [King loves] Horus. 45

124 King as Osiris is to show himself gracious to Horus. 103, 611

125 King as Osiris is entreated to accept and be satisfied with the speech of
Horus. 611, 646

126 Heart of king is satisfied with Horus. 897

127 King has praised Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte. 1087

128 King is to be satisfied with eyes of Horus. 103(F 425), 583(F 426)
D. Nature—

I. Attributes and Powers

a) Physical

1 King lives as lives Horus presiding over Letopolis. 810

2 King as "the sole one" (next called Horus, long-striding, mighty over the horizon, mighty over the gods) shall endure always. 853

3 King ascends as (m) Horus of Dewat, presider over the Imperishable Stars, and sits upon his marvelous throne at head of his celestial lake (ḥnwty k by3 ḫ ty mpt k ḫḥw), living as the scarab-beetle lives, enduring as the qd-column, for ever and ever. 1301

4 King lives on that whereon Horus presiding over estates lives, eats and drinks of latter's provisions; ḫwfd and ḫwfr-i are his food. 133

5 King lives on that whereon Horus, lord of the sky, lives, by command of the latter. 885

6 King is to eat and drink of the provisions of Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. 1218(E 91)

7 King is Horus, the heir of his father; he is the goer and comer, the fourth of these four gods who fetch water, set down the offering (ḥb ty-t), and 'do — with' (yrr w ḫḥy m) the thighs of their fathers. 316

8 The going (ḥm) and going (ḥm-wt) of king are those of Horus. 768

9 King goes (as) Horus goes (ḥm); he speaks (as) Set speaks. 798, 1715

10 The sleepers (ḥfr-w), the watchers (wrty-w), and Horus are all bidden to wake. 1011

11 Ḥsmty, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhte, treated as one god, wakes in peace. 1478

12 Horus presiding over the spirit of Re, and Mdy (= Re?) wake in peace. 1518

13 Horus 'collapses' (ḥbn). 503

14 King stretches bow-string as (ḥq ruṣ m) Horus, draws 'slip-noose' as (šfr ḫm t m) Osiris. 634

15 Horus is able (ḥṭm) himself (alone) to avenge his father Osiris the king. 1334

16 Horus 'is not ḫmr'. 611, 646

17 Horus and Set are each sound 'of body' (ḥq3 ḫ ḫ t f; or 'sound because o himself,' i.e., each causing his own soundness). 683

18 Horus is black and great (or 'very black') in his name of Ḫmr wḥ. 1658

19 King's sweat (ḥq t) and odor (ḥṭy) are those of Horus. 1113

20 On physical nature of Horus, see also 7-8(A 14), 25 etc. (E 17), 103 etc. (A 19), 143(B 3), 206(D 23), 253(E 11), 436(G 50), 457(H 4), 663-664(A 77), 695(H 5), 852(G 27), 854(A 17, A 79), 1207(D 61), 1214(G 3), 1268(B 11), 1320(C 49), 1622(C 76), 1807(A 13), 2032(C 98)

b) Spiritual

21 See references to Horus as a god (ḥwrt) under A 41–49

22 Horus has become more a soul and more mighty than his father Osiris, and Set than Geb (ḥq n k ḫm n k ḫy f). 144

23 King as Set suffers not destruction nor [cessation] (n Ḫḥ ṭy n k n Ḫḥ ṭy n k), but is more a soul and more mighty than the Southern gods and their spirits; king as Ḫfr ḫwty̰ has same qualities in relation to the Northern gods. 204–6
D. Nature—

24 Horus, lord of the green (cosmetic?), has become a soul and a prepared one (b3·n·k špd·n·k). 457
25 To Horus, heir of Geb, 'so-called of Atum, belongs everyone whom the two enneads mention and everyone whom he (himself) mentions (n·k tm dd·t pšd·ty n·k tm dd·(w) k; or possibly 'all which the . . . enneads say and all which thou sayest'). 1489
26 Righteousness (m3·l) of Horus is that of the king. 1988
27 Horus purifies himself in Re and comes purified [to] avenge [his father]. 2190–91

c) Celestial

28 Sḥn wr128 is filled with splendor (y3ḥḥ) of ḫṛ Ṣḥt(y), ḫṛ ḫsmt(y), and Eastern Horus, all considered as one god, as latter ascends in splendor from horizon. 455
29 Re causes king to shine (š·(w)lm) as Horus. 2036
30 On celestial nature of Horus, see also 362(D 45), 585(E 155), 612 etc. (E 157), 633 etc. (C 109), 636(E 155), 792(C 113), 1508(C 84)

II. HABITAT

a) Horizon

31 Harakhte ferries over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Re. 337
32 Re and Harakhte ferry over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to each other's presence. 351, 358, 926, 932
33 Horus ferries over on the two floats of the sky to Re, and Re ferries over in same way to Harakhte. 1103
34 Horus, the Horizon-god (y3ḥḥ(y), ḫṛ ḫsmt(y), Eastern Horus, and the king as Horus of the Gods each ferry over on the two floats of the sky to Re to horizon. There king receives his throne (nā·t) in Field of Rushes and descends to southern region of Field of Offering. 1084–87
35 ḫṛ (ḥsmt) and king ferry over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Harakhte. 342
36 King ferries over on the two floats of the sky to horizon to Harakhte and Re. 337, 351, 358
37 King ascends (pr) upon the two floats of the sky to horizon to Re and Harakhte. 927, 933
38 King is ferried 'across Lily Lake' to horizon to Harakhte. 359–60
39 King is ferried over to Re and Horus of the Gods to horizon, his station being on east side of sky. 999–1000
40 Horus10 sails with king to horizon in barque of Re, and together they judge the gods in horizon. 2043
41 King ascends and is hailed by Horus in horizon. 2019
42 King controls (ḥm n) horizons like (y6) Harakhte. 4
43 Note additional occurrences of Harakhte (Horizon-Horus) under A 3; for other connections with horizon, see also 7b(A 30), 372(E 94), 455 (D 28), 741(G 2), 853(D 2)

128 Equated with Re in 200–201 and 209.
10 Equated with Re? Cf. 2045.
D. Nature—

b) Sky

44 King is born in east of sky like (γδ) Har(akhte). 353, 928, 934
45 Re has [taken] king to east side of sky like (γδ) Horus of Dewat, the star that illumines (ωρδ) the sky. 362
46 The double doors of sky and of firmament (κββου) are opened at dawn for Horus of the Gods, Harakhte, Eastern Horus, Ηρ Ἀσμής, and the king, that each may ascend in Field of Rushes and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 525–29
47 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened for Horus of the Gods, Ηρ Ἀσμής, Eastern Horus, Harakhte, and the king, that each may ascend and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 1408–11
48 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened for Horus of the Gods, Eastern Horus, Ηρ Ἀσμής, Osiris, and the king, that each may ascend at dawn and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 981–85
49 The double doors of sky and of firmament are opened at dawn for Eastern Horus, Horus of Dewat, Ηρ Ἀσμής, and the king, that each may descend (τις) and purify himself in Field of Rushes. 1192–37
50 The double doors of sky are opened for king to go forth from them like (γδ) Horus, like the jackal upon his side. 659
51 King ascends to sky as (κρ) Horus who is upon the ἀδελφός of the sky. 800
52 Horus upon ἀδελφός of sky is entreated to give his arm to king when latter ascends to sky. 1036
53 The ways of the Bows (τῳ τῳ-πτῃ-τῳ), which cause (ὁς) to ascend to (ὅποιός) lead up to Horus, are kept clear for king when he escapes to sky. 801
54 Horus purifies king in the firmament (κββου). 841
55 Horus (here called ιτ ιμ γινετ, 'Soul dwelling in his blood') received his seat in zenith (τωρ ωρι τος) of sky, in the place wherewith his heart was satisfied, that he might course sky and wander over Delta and Upper Egypt (ἰδίω τι ιδίω τι ἰδίω). 854
56 King takes τῃ-τῃ-crown in sky like (κρ) Horus, son of Atum. 881
57 King has coursed sky as (κρ) Harakhte. 891 Pomain.
58 House of Horus (ετ-ετ-Ηρ) is in sky. 1025–27
59 House of Horus is in the firmament (κββου). 1327
60 King traverses (κκς) firmament in wake of Re-Harakhte. 1049
61 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat, divine falcon, 'bright green' (φλογάδ, a bird), same divinity in four aspects, is called child of the sky; and his four contended faces see that which is in Κσω and drive away the 'dew' (κκς) from the offering-tables. 1207
62 King as Horus ascends to Re, 'seizing' Νυτ (the sky) by the forelock. 2037

104 Anubis; cf. 2001.
105 ΜΝ have snb m, "a grasshopper."
106 Text reads υ-νδρ' ιτ' κ μ ωτ' κ υπω ιτ' τη τωρ', "hail to thee with these thy four contended faces."
107 This passage reads literally: "N. ascends unto him (Re), Horus 'seizes' (τῃ) Νυτ by the forelock (ωτ τ) with hair (τις)." The verb τῃ clearly occurs in 524c. Beresford translates ωτ τ as "forelock." In 491a (Development of Religion and Thought, 127),
D. Nature—

63 King puts himself on way (w3·t) of ḫr šemty, wherein latter leads the gods to the beautiful ways (w3·wt) of the sky and of the Field of Offering. 2062

64 On Horus in sky, see also 7b(A 33), 70(F 427), 304(D 219), 520(E 113), 534(D 135), 802(E 108), 815(E 114), 888(D 5), 999–1000(D 39), 1010 (E 115), 1301(D 3), 1465(E 118), 1979(E 173), 2090(F 199), 2091(F 119)

c) Field of Rushes (ẖḥ-t-y3·r·w)

65 Horus of the Gods, ḫr šemty, Osiris, and the king each ascend at dawn after purifying themselves in Field of Rushes. 986–89

66 If Horus of the Gods, ḫr šemty, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte make an ascent to purify themselves in Field of Rushes, king shall do likewise. 1412–15

67 Re, Horus, and king have purified themselves in Field of Rushes. 1430

68 For connections with Field of Rushes, see also 525–29(D 46), 874(H 6), 981–85(D 48), 1084–87(D 34), 1132–37(D 49), 1408–11(D 47)

d) Way (w3·t) of Horus109

69 King passes along a way made by the gods, for he is Horus. 503

70 Way of Horus is bidden to extend its hand (qrb ḫn·t)110a and its two arms (ẖ·wty) to king. 607

71 On way of ḫr šemty, see 2062(D 63)

e) Dewat

72 King presides in Dewat like (yḥ) Horus, presider over Dewat. 5

73 ḫr ṣpt and ṣmy Dw3·t in votive have interchanged places in W and T texts of 330 and 331. Are they identified? 74

74 See also the references to Horus of Dewat under A 96; still other connections appear in 372(E 94), 360(E 111), 1959(F 209)

f) Y3·t-regions

75 King circles (ḏbn) the Horite regions and the Setite regions. 135, 1735

76 [King circles his] Horite [regions] and his Setite regions like Min. 1928

77 King circles the Horite regions; he invades (ḏḥdn) the Setite regions. 2090

78 King is bidden to go to give command to the regions of Horus, of Set, and of Osiris. 218, 222

79 The region ‘of Geb’, that of Horus, that of Set, and the Field of Rushes praise king. 480

80 The regions of Horus, those of Set, and the Field of Rushes praise king. 994

81 Horus is greeted in the Horite regions, Set in the Setite, and Yḥmr in the Fields (so W; N has ‘Field’) of Rushes. 487

82 King belongs to that distant palace of the lords of kas where Re is at morn (dw3·w; or ‘is praised’), in the Horite regions, in the Setite regions. 598

109 Cf. also connection of Horus with Lake of Rushes in 519 and 1247 (E 95–96).

110 Cf. “ways of Khepre” in 305, and “ways of the Bows” in 801(D 53).

110a See Lacau. Rec. de Tra., XXXV, 220.
D. Nature—

83 King is to inhabit his Horite regions and wander over (\textit{wm\textit{wtnm}) his Setite regions. 770
84 The Fields of Rushes, the Horite regions, and the regions of Set are all for king. 943
85 The gods who have gone to their kas (\textit{s\textit{y} \cdot \textit{w n k}^3 \cdot \textit{w} \cdot \textit{\delta\textit{n}}) live in the Horite and the Setite regions. 948
86 Sky, earth, Field of Rushes, Horite regions and Setite regions, cities and nomes are given to king by Atum. 961
87 Regions 'of Geb', those of Horus, those of Set, and the Field of Rushes are given to king by Atum. 1475
88 Anubis has commanded that king descend as Morning-star and invade \textit{(\textit{dn\textit{dtn})} region of southern Horus and region of northern Horus. 1295

\textit{g) Earthly Localities}

89 'The remedies of Horus have been applied\textsuperscript{1} (\textit{phr \textit{pr\textit{hr} \cdot \textit{wt-Hr})\textsuperscript{111} in Abydos (\textit{\textit{bh\textit{d}}\textit{\textit{w}t})}, 'even the \textit{wy \cdot t}-bread of\textsuperscript{3} Osiris. 1122
90 Horus comes forth from Khemmis (\textit{\textit{h\textit{b}-by\textit{t}}}), and Pe (\textit{P}) arises for him. 2190
91 Double Horus (\textit{Hr \cdot \textit{wy}}), presider over estates, is called also Great One (dwelling) in Heliopolis (\textit{\textit{Y\textit{wnt})}. 695(H 5)
92 For Heliopolis, see also 1614(F 72)
93 King's soul stands among the gods as (\textit{m}) Horus (dwelling) within \textit{Y\textit{wnt)). 723
94 Delta (\textit{\textit{Yd\textit{h} \cdot \textit{w}t}). 854(D 55)
95 The Horus hostile to dead is bidden to begone to \textit{\textit{np \cdot t}} and to \textit{N\textit{tr\textit{w})}. 1268
96 Pe (\textit{P}). 2190(D 90, D 27)
97 King [as Osiris] is mighty [over Delta (\textit{\textit{M\textit{h})} as (over) this Horus.] 1827
98 Hieraconpolis (\textit{\textit{N\textit{\gamma}n). See references in A 39
99 \textit{N\textit{tr\textit{w). 1263(D 95)
100 Letopolis (\textit{Hn}). See references and notes under A 63 and A 70
101 \textit{H\textit{t}-t. Proper reading of \textit{S\textit{\textit{t}}-t (D 103), q.v.
102 King has trodden upon \textit{t}the Horite city of \textit{Bbn\textit{111}}. 244
103 \textit{S\textit{\textit{t}}-t. 450 ff.(C 73, D 28), 1257(C 87)
104 King as Osiris [is mighty] over Upper Egypt (\textit{\textit{S\textit{m}) as (over) this Horus. 1824
105 Upper Egypt. See also 554(D 55)
106 \textit{Kns\textit{t). 920-21(D 229), 1207(D 61)
107 The Two Lands (\textit{\textit{t\textit{w}y}). 6-7(A 26), 1258(C 51)
108 King begot (or \textit{is child of}) Horus (dwelling) in \textit{Dh\textit{t}-hrw\textit{t}, like (\textit{y\textit{\dot{e}}) Set (dwelling) in \textit{\textit{Hn\textit{hn\textit{t})}. 734
109 \textit{Dh\textit{t}-hrw\textit{t). See also 1668(D 190), 1993(C 105)

\textsuperscript{111} Breasted renders: "'the offering of Horus is offered!',' but \textit{phr}, "food-offering," is masc. in 818a, the only certain Pyr. occurrence of this root with such meaning.

\textsuperscript{112} Breasted: "'the \textit{\textit{sb}} of the city of Horus.'"
D. Nature—

h) Miscellaneous

110 Eastern (y3bty). See references under A 2, also 159(E 121)
111 ybn·w.t. 1951(A 91)
112 The two regions (y3b·wy) shall be withheld from Horus,13 if Sun-god pre-

vents king from coming to place where Sun-god is. 1436
113 King sees those who are in the palace (b3),4 namely Horus and Set. 141
114 Sea (w3d·wr). 1505(C 83), 1506(C 84)
115 The broad hall (w3k·t). 905(E 90)
116 Among the falcons (byk·w). 1672(E 164)
117 House or estate (pr). 1294(D 194)
118 Morning-barque (m3nd·t). 1479(D 124)
119 As Horus does not pass the night behind the lake (a Hr b3r b3 m3 r),14 nor
is Thoth left boatless,11 so king too is not left boatless. 1429
120 Jackal-lake (mnr·s3b). 372(E 94)
121 Celestial lake (mr kg3w). 1301(D 3)
122 “They” (obscure) row Horus at his ascent from (m; or ‘in’?) Mh·t wr·t.
1131
123 Northern (mhty). 1295(D 88)
124 Hennw, Eastern Horus, Eastern Soul, and Harakhte, treated as one god,

passes the night in evening-barque (m3skt·t) and wakes in morning-
barque (m3nd·t). 1479
125 Rp·t-chapel. 767(B 7)
126 Southern (rsu). 1295(D 88)
127 Hnwt-barque. 138(B 2), 620(B 5), [1823](C 97), [1824](E 105), 18261
(E 106)
128 The Great House (b3·t·31·t, probably in sky). 373(E 110)
129 The double doors of the 31·t-region18 are opened for Horus, and those of
‘the meadow’ (b3k·wet) for Set. 518
130 The star Sothis (Sdp·t). 632 and 1636(B 6)
131 Great field (b3·t wr·t) of Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. 1217(E 91)
132 The caverns of the lookout (tpk·w·ptr·w) are opened for king as Horus;
the footsteps of radiance are loosed (δσφήθ' nmt·wt·y3hw) for him. 852
133 Dnwt3r-barque. 633 and 1637(B 1)
134 The king. 19 etc. (C 45), 44(C 64), 636(C 46), 1633(C 47)

III. ATTITUDE OF HORUS TOWARD OTHER DIVINITIES

135 Nbyw t (a goddess?) in sky is beloved of Horus. 534
136 H3py, Ymshy, Dw3-mw·t·f, and Kbh·šn·w·f are beloved children of Horus.
1548
137 Horus followed and loved Geb. 1625(C 51)

13 Horsted interprets that Horus shall be prevented from inheriting Egypt as suc-
cessor of the Sun-god.

14 I.e., as Breasted notes, he does not have to remain without crossing it.

13 These phrases picture Horus as sun and Thoth as moon crossing the sky.

18 The ni3b form b3by.w occurs in 1369 and 2017. Cl. also the vocative b3by in a
serpent charm in 421 and 668.
D. Nature—

138 Horus is satisfied with his father (the king); Atum is satisfied with his years. 253
139 Horus is to be satisfied with Osiris the king. 584
140 Horus loves his messenger the king. 535(D 198)
141 Horus has loved Osiris the king. 609
142 Horus has loved his father the king. 1633
143 Horus is not distant from Osiris the king. 610
144 Horus comes rejoicing at approach of king and of his eye which is upon latter. 2076
145 As to attitudes of Horus, see also 592 and 650(D 147), 1088(D 266), 1148(C 69)

IV. Parts of Body

146 Incense is in limbs (‘nyw·w·w’) of Horus. 116
147 Heart (yḥ) of Horus rejoiceth in presence of Osiris the king. 592, 650
148 Heart (yḥ). See also 71(F 428), 585(D 176), 354(D 55), 1640(G 4)
149 White teeth (yḥh·w ḫḏ·w) of Horus (onions?) are offered to Osiris the king. 35, 79
150 Eye (wr·l) and eyes (yḏ·ty). See section F as a whole.
151 A hostile bull’s head is in hand (ḥ) of Horus, his tail in hand of Isis, and
   Atum’s fingers are on his horns (wpm·l). 1302
152 Arm (ḥ) of Horus is behind king, and arm of Thoth —. 1570
153 Horus has caused that his arm ‘revert to’ (ḥwr ḫ ḫr ḫ n) [king]. 2213
154 Arm and arms. See also 741(G 2), 1036(D 52), 1246(E 109), 1588 etc.
   (F 91)
155 Nose (fmq) of (Hfr) ḫsnm(y) (or of Sobk?) breathes perfumes. 456
156 Pk-bread and pdḏ-bread came forth from loins (mḥḏ·l) of Horus. 373
157 Thighs (mn·wš). 904 etc. (A 68)
158 Tip of breast (tp n mnḥḏ) of Horus, of his body, is offered to king. 32
159 Breast of Horus is offered to Osiris the king. 91
160 Horus and Set respectively were purified and healed from the wounds they
   had given each other by the spittle (ḏḏḏ) which came forth from the
   mouth (ḥḏ) of Horus and by the spit (ḏḏḏ) which came forth from the
   mouth of Set. 850
161 Mouth. See also 663–664(A 77)
162 Arm (ḥmḥ) of Horus fights in behalf of ḫḏw of sky, whom Re causes to
   live (again) every day. 449
163 King descends . . . on shoulders (ḥmn·wšy) of Horus. 138
164 Horus has set king (upon) his shoulders. 1471
165 King sits at shoulder of Horus and spits on his temple (ḥmḥ). 2056
166 Ointment which was in forehead (ḥḏ·l) of Horus is put in forehead of king.
   52
167 Forehead. See also 83(F 246), 139(F 121), 453(F 38), 742(F 39, F 158,
   F 217)

117 King does same for Osiris in 2056.
D. Nature—

168 King spits on face (hr) of Horus to expel the 'wickedness' which is upon him (nkn yr·f), and yḥ's testicle of Set to expel his 444. 142

169 3lr and Horus each bare the other's face. 555

170 Face. See also 973(D 234), 1207(D 61)

171 A serpent is called ḫnff t of Horus (with flesh det. in W). 245

172 Neck (ḥḥ). 1213(D 181)

173 Body (ḥ·t). 647(C 24)

174 Temple of the head (ḏm). 2056(D 165)

175 'Talons' (ḥm·wy; or props of some sort?) of Horus and wings of Thoth are hidden to ferry over the king. 1176

176 Bones (krs·w) of Horus ntw₂w₂ and his heart (yḥ) beats. 585

177 Foot (gbw). 681(G 42)

178 Blood (ḏkr). 854(D 55)

179 Body (ḏ·t). 32(D 158)

180 King's head (ḏḏḏ) is that of Horus of Dewat, his forehead (m·ḥnt) is that of ḫnty-yr·ty, his two ears and again his two eyes are the two daughters of Atum, his nose (ḥnd) is that of the jackal, his teeth are Sepe, his arm(s) are ḫpyp and ḫw·mr·t·f, his legs are ḫmṣṭy and ḫb·sn·w·f, and his members (ḥ·w) are the two daughters of Atum. 148-49

181 The two children of Nut (namely Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. and the king) embark on the sea, each wearing on head (ḏḏḏ) and neck (ḥḥ) garlands (wḥw·w) of the yḥ-tree. 1213

182 Head. See also 1239(F 197)

183 King has turned (ḏp) to sky at the two fingers (ḏḏ·wy) of the god, the lord of the ladder (Horus, cf. 973-74). 980

184 King's mouth is opened by Horus with his little finger (ḏḏ·rḏḥ). 1330(G 9)

185 Finger and fingers. See also 372(E 94), 663–64(A 77), 1206(G 32)

V. Elements or Phases of Personality

186 Spirit or spirithood (yḥḥ). 633 etc. (B 1), 795(G 39)

187 Soul of Horus is not repelled (n ḫsf b³·f). 253

188 Horus becomes a soul. 580, 767

189 Soul. See also 144(D 22), 206(D 23), 457(D 24), 854(D 55), 1209(G 32)

190 Name (ṛn) of Horus endures in ḫb·ḥrw·t. 1668

191 Horus, Set, Thoth, Ṣḥḥ, Osiris, ḫnty·yr·ty, and the king go (ry), each with his ka (ḥn· k³·f). 17

192 King as Osiris is ka of Horus. 582(E 22), 610, 647(E 22), 1609, [1832]

193 Eye of Horus was 'before' (ḥry·t ḫ·wy) his great kas and upon (tpy·t) his many kas. 2087

VI. Subordinates

194 Horus of Hieraconopolis has given to king as to ḫrq ḫmy pr·f, as to the presider presiding over the mighty, his spirits the jackals (yḥḥ·w·f sḥ·w). 1294

18 Breasted: "dance."
D. Nature—

195 Spirits. See also 800 etc. (A 64), 960N(E 140)

196 King comes as messenger (yp(w)t(y)) of Horus. 1254

197 "Priest" has come to Osiris the king as messenger of 'Horus' (yp(w)(y)-Hrw). 1686

198 King is beloved messenger (ynw) of Horus, Set, and Thoth, for he brought (so T; N has 'brings') to them their eye, testicles, and arm (last in N only) respectively. 535

199 Messengers of Horus go, his couriers run (sy ynw-w-f bty syn-(w)-f) to announce coming of king to Re. 253-54

200 Messengers of Horus go, his couriers run, his heralds hasten (nt1 y htw(w) t(y)-w f) to announce coming of king to Re. 1861-62

201 Doorkeeper of Horus, [ga]te[-keeper] of Osiris (yr(y)-r3 n Hfr [yr(y)-rr]w·t n t Ysyr) is bidden to announce king to Horus. 520

202 Yhm·wt. '1951'(A 91)

203 Isis. 584(E 62)

204 King judges (wd· mdw n) the gods like (yš) a king, like the deputy (ýšy; or 'successor') of Horus, that he may avenge Horus's father Osiris (N has: 'who avenged his father Osiris'). 1406

205 Horus stands before the living (hntry 'nh·w). 1232

206 The living. See also 2103(C 103)

207 Wrš3·f ('Great is his ka'), the butler (w/ipw) of Horus, mighty in counsel (išnm-sh) of Re, eldest of the palace (šnšw-y3-t) of Ptah, is bidden to give to king a joint of meat (wr). 560, 566

208 Horus comes to king, equipped with [his] souls (bš·w), namely H3py, Dwš-mw·t·f, Ymšty, and Kbh·šn·w·f, who bring to king his name of 'Imperishable.' 2101-2

209 People (yš·t). 14 etc. (A 34), 895(C 99)

210 There is conflict in the sky ... and the divine ennead of Horus (psḏ·t-Hfr) is in splendor (m yšw) ... as king sits in every seat of Atum and takes the sky. 394-5

211 Divine ennead. See also 895(C 99)

212 Children of Horus. 24 etc. (E 137), 619(E 101), 637 etc. (E 102), 1828 (E 138)

213 Nephthys. 584(E 62)

214 Cattle of Horus, whom he treads (nr w-Hfr hnd·(w)-f), may apply to q·t-serpent and spš-worm mentioned just previously. 244

215 Gods (nr-w). 24 etc. (E 125-30), 577 etc. (E 38, E 161), 578(E 61), 895(C 99), 1488(E 123)

216 The sweet-smelling ones (ndm·w·y(t(y)) 1518(A 92)

217 People (ry(y)-t). 644(C 81)

218 Heralds (hwswy·w). 709(D 221), 1861(D 200)

219 People (nhmm·t). 1995(C 105)

220 The Imperishable Stars (y·hm·w šk). 1301(D 3)

118 Horus himself speaks in 1683-85, but throughout 1686 Hfrw is in 3rd person.

119 Here unnamed, but cf. 1861-62(D 230) and 2174-75.

120 Same grouping, but with different verbs, is used of king's envoys in 1539 (following G 18).
D. Nature

221 Couriers of Horus run, his heralds hasten (*šyn·w·f n‡3 ḫrwṯy·w·f) to announce him to him who leans (upon his staff) in the East (*Re). 769

222 Couriers (*šyn·w). See also 253(D 199), 1861(D 200)

223 He who knows chapter of *Re and recites charms of Harakhte (conditions met by king) shall be intimate (*rt) of *Re and companion (*snr) of Harakhte. 855-56

224 Osiris has commanded that king dawn as deputy (or ‘successor’) of Horus (*sn·nw·Hr). 467

225 The škh³·t-Hr (cow) suckled king. 1375

226 The mighty (*šhm·w). 1294(D 194)

227 King has been presented with ḫnmn-natron along with the Followers of Horus (*šn‡ w·Hr). 26

228 King satisfies the followers of Horus. 897

229 King descends to Field of ḫns·t, that the Followers of Horus may purify him. They cleanse and dry the king, and recite for him the ‘chapter of the just’ and the ‘chapter of them that have ascended’ (P adds: ‘to life and satisfaction’). 920-21

230 King is purified by the Followers of Horus, who also recite for him the ‘chapter of them that have ascended’ and ‘them that lift themselves’ (*sw·yw in P; but MN have r³ n ḫp·yw, ‘the chapter of them that go’). 1245

231 (The inhabitants of) the Two Lands (*š·wy). 1258(C 51)

232 They of Dewat (D(w)²(y·w) are bidden to support king like (my) *Re, follow him like Horus, exalt him like Wepwawet, and love him like Min. 953

233 Thoth. 575(E 56), 651(E 57), 1336(E 59), 1979(D 60)

VII. Equipment

This covers in one alphabetic series:

Objects worn or carried
Food, cosmetics, natron, incense
Palaces, thrones, estates, temples
Barques

Miscellaneous, including:

$phr·ut
$m³:k·t, ‘ladder’
$h³·t, ‘tomb’
$ḥk³·w, ‘charms’
$ḥtm, ‘be equipped,’ in general statement
$ḥnw·t
$sw·t
$šnr·wy

234 Horus comes with his lion-mask upon his head (*š·t·f tp·f); his face approaches his father Geb. 973
D. Nature

235 *Db t-nḫt · wt* has [come] to king 'after latter carried off' (*šḥs · n · f*) one of the two *šm*-scepters of Horus122 which were in her charge. 522

236 Horizon offers incense (*ryy*) to Horus of Hieraconpolis. 295, 296

237 Palace (*ḥḥ*). 141(D 113)

238 Garlands (*wḥk · w*). 1213(D 181)

239 Green cosmetic (*wfd*). 457(D 24)

240 Sorceress (*wr t-ḥkti · w*, a crown). 823(C 56)

241 Southern crown (*wr · t*). 14(E 86), 455(E 1), 737(F 149), 881(D 56)

242 The broad hall (*wḥk · t*). 905(E 90)

243 Bread (*pḥḏ*). 378(D 156)

244 'Pellets of incense' (*pḥḏ · wṛy*; or loaves?). 905(E 90)

245 House or estate (*pr*). 1294(A 10).

246 Estates (*pr · u*). 133(A 66), 695(H 5)

247 'Remedy' (*pr · t*) and 'remedies'. 1088(E 169), 1122(D 89)

248 Bread (*pb*). 378(D 156)

249 Re dawns against, and Horus draws his nine bows (*pḥḏ · wḥ*) against, this spirit which came forth from the earth, ... *Ddy*, son of *Srḥ t-ḥktw*. 673

250 Staff (*mḥw·t*). 1212(D 255)

251 Ladder (*mḥk · t*) of Set and of Horus was made for Osiris, that he might ascend thereon to sky and join court of Re (*ḥt · ṣ ṣ · ṣ *R*). 971

252 Geb gave to Horus (or Osiris)? Cf. 973b vs. 971c) the ladder of the god (Horus, of. 973) and of Set, that he might ascend thereon to sky and join court of Re, and is now entreated to do same for king. 974-75

253 All spirits and gods who shall oppose king when he ascends to sky upon ladder of the god (Horus, as before) are cursed, and those who shall aid him are blessed. 978-80

254 The god (Horus) is called lord of the ladder. 974 etc. (A 36)

255 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. receives his favorite *mḥb*-harpoon, his staff (*mḥw·t*) which *ḥm*-s the canals, whose twin barbs (*bmn · ṣ ṣy*) are the rays of the sun, whose twin bone-point)s (*ktw · ṣ ṣy*) are the claws of *Mḥḏ·t*. With this his companion the king is to cut off the heads of the 'adversaries' (*ḥyty · ṣ ṣy*) who are in the Field of Offering. 1212

256 Sustenance of truth (*m · nḥt · t n t mḥs·t*). 815(A 61)

257 Morning-barque (*m · ṣ nḥ·t*). 1479(D 124)

258 Horus has ointment (*mḥk · t n ḫr*), Set has ointment. 2071

259 Ointment (*mḥk · t*). See also 52(D 166)

260 Evening-barque (*mḥkηt·t*). 1479(D 124)

261 Horus comes filled with ointment (*mḥd · t*); he has embraced his father Osiris. 1799

262 Horus has filled himself with ointment (*mḥ · t*). 2072

263 King has inherited Geb and Atum; he is upon throne (*mḥ · t*) of Horus the first-born (*ḥmḥw*). 301

122 The *šm*-scepter is frequently mentioned. In 43-45, 47, and 731 also the Horus-bird appears, but seems in those cases a part of the phonetic writing of *šm*. Erman, however (Gram., §186), reads there *ḥr · ṣ as a compound noun formed with the feminine pronoun ending, parallel to *ḥmḥ · ṣ and *mḥ · ṣ, old names for crowns of South and North respectively.
D. Nature—

264 These two great and powerful gods who preside over the Field of Rushes have placed king upon throne of ‘Horus’ (Ḥrw). 1690
265 Throne (nš-t). See also 1050(D 34)
266 ‘Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, treated as one god, is to be gracious to king as he is to Horus upon his throne (nš) and vice versa. 1088
267 King’s nfr-նatron is that of Horus, of Set, of Thoth, and of Sp3. 27, 28
268 Rṣ-p-t-chapel. 767(B 7)
269 The four goings of king, raised by Geb (1353), are before the tomb (ḥ3-t) of Horus, whereby one goes to the god when the sun goes down. 1355
270 Prime oil (ḥn3·y) t. 742(F 39)
271 Ḥnnw-barque. 138 etc. (D 127)
272 Charms (ḥšw·w) of Harakhte. 855–56(D 223)
273 House (ḥt-t). 1025–27(D 58), 1327(D 59)
274 King is equipped (ḥtm) as Set and as Ḥr mnw. 205–6
275 ‘(Ḥr) šmy’ (or Sbbk?) causes ka of king to ascend to latter’s side as former’s Ḥnsw-t ascends to him. 456
276 Horus sits upon this his marvellous throne (ḥn3-f pw by3). 2091
277 Marvellous throne. See also 1301(D 3)
278 Smyn-նatron. 26(E 88)
279 Arbor (šh). 2100(E 175)
280 Horus is equipped with his šw t-plant1. 2072
281 ‘Props’ (šm2·wyl). 1176(D 175)
282 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is a soul dawning in the bow (knl) of this his ship (šmḥ) of 770 cubits (in length), which the gods of Pe bound (šp) for him and the Eastern gods bent (‘rk) for him. He is asked to take king with him in its cabin or hold (šn·w). 1209
283 Incense (šn·y). 116(D 146), 4522(R 10)
284 Horus, Set, Thoth, Sp3, and the king, each one has adorned himself with that (so M; N: his’) šm·t which traversed (nmt-t) the face of his land. 1612–14
285 King has gone forth from Pe unto the souls of Pe, adorned (št) with the adornment of Horus, clothed (ḥbs) in the rainment of Thoth. 1089
286 King has gone forth from Pe adorned as (št m) Horus, bedecked as (ḏb3 m) the two divine enneads. 1373
287 King as a Helopolitan goes forth from his house (pr) adorned as Horus, bedecked as Thoth. 1507
288 Regalia (št, same word as preceding). See also 1285(C 66)
289 King hungers not, having eaten the kmtw-bread123 of Horus, made for latter by his eldest woman (‘attendant’, s·t f wr·t) that he might be sated thereby and take this land (Egypt. So T; but MN have sp f, ‘his virtue’) thereby. 551
290 Linen (ḥy t). 2094(E 174)
291 Sandal (b·t) of Horus, in a serpent-charm with obscure context. 444

123 On affinity of šmḥ to Semitic ʿmnḥ see Bondi (Lehnwörter, p. 77) and Burchardt (Altkan. Fremdworte, No. 984, and I, §123).
D. Nature—

292 Sandal (dbw·t) of Horus trampled (ḫnd) the nḥy-serpent, the nḥy-serpent of Horus the young child with his finger in his mouth. 663

293 Horus the son of Isis journeyed over the land in his two white sandals (dbw·ty), going to see his father Osiris. 1215(G 3)

294 Food (ḏf³·w). 695(H 5)

295 ḫndw-barque. 633 and 1637(B 1)

E. Activities of Horus—

I. INVOLVING DIVINITIES OTHER THAN KING

1 ḫr ṣḥt(y), ḫr ṣsmt(y), and Eastern Horus, treated as one god, is hidden to take wr·i-crown from the great and powerful ḫt-š (ṣ ḫt·w ḫr·w ḫt·w) who preside over Libya. 455

2 3kr. 555(D 109)

3 The king and Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. cause to flourish (ḏ ḫt·š) the n·t-crowns of the Field of Offering for Isis the Great. 1214

4 King is Horus, has come behind (yy m ḫt) his father Osiris. 493

5 King as the son Horus seeks to see (ḏḥḥ ḫḥ·f) Osiris. 1129

6 On activities of Horus involving Osiris, see also 1643(F 56), and cf. references to king in E 16 ff.

7 'Horus' traverses 'Nepthys' (ḏ ḫḥ·f ḫḥ·f·t) in a serpent charm. 444

8 The Two Lands beam when Horus bares the face(s) of the gods (y·tn·y ḫr-ynr·w). 373

9 The gods. See also 24 etc. (E 125-36), 51(F 28), 502(E 113), 969 etc. (E 122-23), 1406(D 204), 2046(D 49)

10 Ṣró. 337 etc. (D 31-34), 449(D 182)

\[\text{Possibly compare} \]

said in 1278 of him who shall favor king's pyramid. On the other hand, text of 444 reads more fully

\[\text{... which suggests also} \]

in 189a (the animal in latter group is a variant of)

in 547a. Name of Nepthys is not written in exactly this way elsewhere in Pyr.

\[\text{Sense seems to be "when he appears to the gods," sun rising in presence of the gods and shining upon Egypt; but in Coptic such cases require a dative n. Cf., e.g., } \]

Zeega, Catalogus, p. 305:

\[\text{ERωDW-ΟΥΑΓΓΕΛΟC ΟΥΩΝΔΩC NAK EΒΟΛ.} \]
E. Activities of Horus—

11 Blue-eyed Horus comes up to (yy r) and red-eyed Horus protects (s) two wild bulls (bn3·wy), when he of the lion-mask is sick (mr ḫy). 253

12 Set. 65(F 90), 95(F 83), 591(F 51)

13 Geb. 1643(F 48)

14 Horus has cast headlong (gbgb) the serpent Ddy, so that he lives not; Set has yynym'ed him, so that he stands not. 678

15 Ddy. See also 673(D 249)

II. Involving King

a) Favorable

RECOGNITION

16 Horus recognizes (yy) Osiris the king. 587, 612

17 Youthful Horus (Hfr rnyy) recognizes Osiris the king. 25, 767

18 Horus recognizes his father in Osiris the king. 580, 589, 767

19 Hfr ṣpd knows king. 330–31(C 112)

RECITATION

20 Recitation which Horus made for his father the king. 257

21 Horus commanded to make (a recitation) for his father, the cloud-lord Orion (wḥ n f yr t n yt f . . . ; might also possibly be 'he assigned the eye to his father . . . '; Orion here representing the king). 261

22 Horus has made (a recitation) for his ka, even Osiris the king, that latter may be satisfied. 582, 647

23 Recitation by Horus. 583(Osirian), 1264(non-Osirian)

24 King has come to Horus that latter may recite for him the powerful and good saying (mdw c ḫ nfr) which he gave to Osiris, that king may thereby become powerful and great (c ḫ ur). 1558

25 The son Horus has come to speak in behalf of Osiris the king. 1813

RESURRECTION OR RESUSCITATION

26 Horus has caused Osiris the king to stand. 617, 640

27 The son Horus bids Osiris the king to stand. 1683

28 Horus and Thoth raise (ṣ) Osiris (the king) (from) upon his side and cause him to stand among (m in PM; but N has m ḫnt, 'before') the two divine enneads. 956

29 King is bidden to give his hand ('') to Horus, that latter may cause him to stand. 1627, cf. 1796

30 Horus bids Osiris the king come forth (from tomb ?) and awake.177 1753

31 Horus comes to king, parts his bandages, and casts off his bonds (wph f ṣḥ · w k ḫṣ · f ṣḥ ṣḥ · k). 2202

RESTORATION OF BODY

32 Libation is poured by Horus for Osiris the king.128 24, 765

33 Libations. See also 22(G 10)

124 Geb. cf. 1032c.

177 Unnatural order of events.

128 Both incense and libation were intended to restore to the dead body its lost moisture. See A. M. Blackman in Zeitschrift für äg. Sprache, 1, 69.
E. Activities of Horus—

34 Horus has given to Osiris the king the latter's waters (mw). 106
35 Horus has come to unite (y'b) his father Osiris the king. 101
36 Horus has united Osiris the king. 584
37 Horus has united Osiris the king's limbs (y·wt). 617, 635
38 Horus has caused that the gods put Osiris the king together (dmf).128 577, 645
39 Horus has put Osiris the king together, so that there is no disorder (hnty) in him. 617, 635
40 The son Horus relieves intestinal pain which king suffers from having eaten an eye, so that king may live thereby. 192
41 Horus forms (kd) king and causes him to live (again) every day (as does Re the .TXT·w of the sky in 449). 450
42 Horus has caused Osiris the king to live. 614, 646
43 Horus has opened (wp) eye of Osiris the king, that latter may see therewith. 610, 643, 1806
44 Horus established (smtp(y)) for Osiris the king latter's two eyes. 644
45 Horus has not permitted that Osiris the king perish (snw). 617, 637
46 Horus does not permit that Osiris the king perish. 1753
47 Horus has not permitted that Osiris the king's face nfr. 644
48 On bodily restoration, cf. also 905(E 90), 1884(E 99)

PUNISHMENT OF ENEMIES

49 (When) Horus has spoken, Set bows himself (y·sd) and bears (wts) king. 261
50 Horus has seized Set and put him beneath Osiris the king to bear (wts) latter and tremble beneath him as earth trembles. 581
51 Horus has put Osiris the king's enemy (hft)y beneath king's feet. 637
52 Horus has put Osiris the king's enemy beneath him to bear him. 642
53 Horus has caused Osiris the king's enemy to bear him. 649
54 Horus has put Osiris the king upon back of his enemy, that latter may not attack (/tcpw) king. 651
55 Horus brings Set to king, has given Set to him, bowed down (kfy) beneath him. 1632
56 Horus has caused that Thoth drive back (s·ht) for Osiris the king Set's followers, and has brought them to king united (ywn·w), after repulsing (s·hm) for him the heart of Set. 375–76
57 Horus has caused that Thoth bring to Osiris the king latter's enemy. 651
58 Horus comes to reclaim Osiris the king from the gods (yp·f lw m·nfr·w). 609
59 Horus has come to reclaim his father Osiris the king, and has proclaimed a royal decree (from) upon the seats of Anubis, bidding Thoth spare not those who wronged the king. 1335–36
60 The son Horus has given to king the gods, his enemies; Thoth brings them to king. 1979
61 Horus has caused that the gods avenge (nd) Osiris the king. 578
62 Horus has caused that Isis and Nephthys avenge Osiris the king. 584

128 Dmf is used of putting together members (y·wt) in, e.g., 318, 828, 835. In the last two cases dmf is parallel to y'b.
E. Activities of Horus—

63 Horus avenges king. 597
64 Horus avenges Osiris the king. 833, 634, 636, 1753
65 Horus has avenged king. 898
66 Horus has avenged Osiris the king. 582, 649, 1609, 1832
67 Horus has avenged Osiris the king without delay. 591, 618, cf. 1797
68 Horus has avenged his father the king. 1633, 1637
69 Horus has avenged his father (the king). 1728
70 Horus avenges what Set did against Osiris the king. 592
71 Horus has avenged king on his enemies. 758
72 The son Horus has smitten enemy of Osiris the king. 578
73 Horus has smitten and repelled for Osiris the king his enemy Set. 587
74 Horus, avenger of his father, has smitten him who smote Osiris the king, has avenged king on him who did evil against him. 1585

The son Horus smites him who smote Osiris the king, binds him who bound him, and puts enemy under his (Horus's) eldest daughter, (dwelling) in Kdm. 1007–8PM

76 The son Horus has smitten him who smote Osiris the king, has slain him who slew him, has bound him who bound him, and has put enemy under king's eldest daughter, (dwelling) in Kdm. 1976–77

77 Horus has caused that Osiris the king seize his enemies so that none of them escape (p₃₉₃w) him. 579

Horus has caused that Osiris the king recognize (yp) Set ... and seize him with his hand (ḍr-ṭ) so that he escape not (m nḥp-ḥ) from him. 582

79 Horus has rescued (nḥm) Osiris the king from his enemy. 649

80 Horus has stretched out (pd) Osiris the king's enemy beneath king. 650

81 Horus has hacked off thighs of Osiris the king's enemies (šp-n Hr ḫp₃-wḥnty ḯ-k) and brings them to king cut up, after removing their ka(s) from them. 653

82 Horus has repelled king's enemy; the ḥk₃w seize him not. 2202

83 On punishment of king's enemies through Horus, see also 1212(D 255), 1264–65(E 180), 1285(C 66), 1334(D 15)

MOUTH

84 Horus has pressed (mḍr) Osiris the king's mouth. 11, 644

85 Horus has opened (wp) Osiris the king's mouth. 11, 589, 644

86 Horus opens (w₄n and [wp]) king's mouth with that wherewith he opened (wp) mouth of his father Osiris, with the metal (ḥp₃) which came forth from Set, the adze [of metal which opened the mouth(s) of the gods, that king may go and speak in person ( qed ṣf) before the divine ennead in Prince-house in] Heliopolis and take the ṭtt₃-crown from (ḥr) Horus, lord of men (nḥ-p₃-t). 13–14

87 King's mouth is opened (wp) by Horus with his little finger. 1330(G 9)

88 Horus, Set, and the two ḫ₃-wy-yō spew out smyn-natron which opens (wp) king's mouth. 26

89 Horus has balanced Osiris the king's mouth against his bones. 112, 13, 644

But N, as in 1977(E 76), has "thy," referring to king.
E. Activities of Horus—

FOOD

90 Son of dead king' as Horus\(^{111}\) gives to king a royal offering of bread and beer and the two 'pellets of incense' (\(p\dot{2}\cdot wy\); or leaves of bread?) which came forth from Horus dwelling in the broad hall (\(ymy w\dot{b}\cdot t\)), that he might satisfy (\(\delta \cdot htp\)) king's heart therewith. 905N

91 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is asked to take king with him to this his great field (\(\delta h \cdot k\cdot tw\ w\cdot t\)), which he made to fall because of\(^{2}\) the gods (\(mdrn\cdot r\cdot w\)),\(^{112}\) of the evening and morning (meals) of which he eats, which is filled with 'Food' (\(Hw\)), that king may eat and drink of the god's provisions. 1217-18

92 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to place king's satiety above that of \(yw\cdot t\), the presider over her sisters. 1218

93 On furnishing of food by Horus, see also 695-96(H 5), 888(D 5)

PURIFICATION

94 Horus receives king to his two fingers, purifies (\(\delta \cdot (w)\cdot b\)) him in the jackal-lake (\(mtr\cdot shb\)), cleanses (\(\delta \cdot fh\)) his ka in the Dewat-lake, and purifies (\(\delta k\)) the flesh of his bodily ka with this which is upon Re's shoulders in the horizon. 372

95 (After) king and Re have purified themselves in Lake of Rushes, Horus wipes king's flesh and Thoth his legs. 519

96 (After) king has purified himself in Lake of Rushes, where Re did the same, Horus is to wipe his back, and Thoth his legs. 1247

97 Horus has expelled the evil which was upon king in latter's four-day period; Set has known not what he did against king in latter's eight-day period. 746

98 Horus of Hiersconopolis has given to king the four \(nmk\cdot t\)-jars and the four \(\dot{b} \cdot t\)-jars . . . wherewith king is purified. 1293

99 Horus has come to purify and cleanse (\(w\cdot b\cdot \delta \cdot (w)\cdot b\)) Osiris the king, to revivify (\(\delta \cdot nh\)) him, to collect (\(ymk\)) for him his bones, to bring together (\(\delta k\)) for his \(nb\cdot t\),\(^{113}\) to collect (\(y\cdot nk\)) for him his knives (\(dm\cdot wt\)). 1684

100 On purification, see also 841(D 54), 1978(C 54)

CARRYING AND BEARING

101 Horus has given to Osiris the king his children to bear (\(w\cdot k\)) king. 619

102 Horus has given to Osiris the king his children to carry (\(f\)) king. 637, 1829

103 Horus has carried Osiris the king and bears him. 620

104 Horus carries king, Set lifts (\(\delta \cdot ls\)) him. 1148

105 [Horus has carried Osiris the king in \(hnw\)-barque; he bears him [as] he bore his father. 1824

106 [Horus] has carried [Osiris] the king; [he bears him in] \(\dot{b}hnw\)-barque\(^{1}\). 1826

\(^{111}\) P has .

\(^{112}\) Breasted suggests "since (the time of) the gods."

\(^{113}\) Dec. is a man swimming.
E. Activities of Horus —

ASCENT

107 Horus asks Osiris the king to give him his hand (') ————. 68
108 (After) king has traversed Lily Lake in north of Nut (the sky), (Horus) of Dewat takes his hand and leads him (sfr D(w)jt(y) d t k) to place where Orion is. 802
109 Horus is asked to give his arm (') to king and to take (m) to himself his eye, which seems to be in king’s head, that eye and king may both ascend to him. 1243
110 Horus brings king’s bodily ka to the Great House (ht t s 3 t). 373
111 Horus and Set help king ascend to Dewat upon a ladder made for him by Re. 390
112 Re and Horus stand on either side of the ladder and lift it before (ht) Horus’s father Osiris (here the king) at his going to his spirit. 472
113 [Horus] is asked to open for king the double doors of sky with the flame that is under the ‘kettle’ of the gods (hr bh w br ykn t ntr w). 502
114 Horus, master of his sustenance of truth, is hidden to seal the double doors of sky and keep back the approachers of its doors as soon as he has taken king’s ka to sky. 815
115 The son Horus leads Osiris the king in ways of sky. 1010
116 Horus is asked to take king with him, not to leave him boatless. 1030
117 Horus is asked to take king with him, and Thoth to ferry king over on tip of his wing. 1429
118 Horus opens (wn), Set protects (bw; or ‘(tries to) prevent’?) that king may shine in east side of sky like Re. 1465
119 King as son of Re is caused to come to him by Horus, Set, Geb, and the souls of Heliopolis and of Pe. 1492–95
120 For other connections of Horus with king’s ascent, see 69–70(F 427), 456(D 275), 980(D 183), 1036(D 52), 1176(D 175), 1208–9(G 32, D 282), 1213(D 181), 1471(D 164), 1570(D 152), 2019(D 41), 2046(D 40), 2109(E 150)

DEFICATION

121 Set and Nephthys, Osiris and Isis, Thoth, and Horus are hidden to go and announce to the southern, northern, western, and eastern gods (except last group, called ‘souls’) respectively and their spirits the coming of the king as an imperishable spirit. 153–59
122 Horus, son of Osiris, puts king among the gods. 909P
123 King associates with the gods of the Underworld (nt w nty w), the Imperishable (Stars), leaning with them upon a w3<s> scepter and a d m scepter, by command of Horus, the hereditary prince, the king of the gods. 1458
124 On deification, see also 633 etc. (C 109), 956(E 28)

114 Cf. descent in 138(D 163).

118 The verb is properly “bind”; but context suggests that det.
should have been
E. Activities of Horus—

RULE

125 Horus has caused that the gods $hmn^{114}$ to Osiris the king, wherever latter goes. 24, 766

126 Horus assigns to (yp n) Osiris the king the hearts of the gods. 590

127 Horus has assigned to Osiris the king the gods, so that they have not escaped from (by3 r) king, wherever latter has taken possession. 615

128 Horus has assigned to Osiris the king all the gods united (sm3 w). 1831

129 Horus has brought (ynty) to Osiris the king all the gods at once, without one of them escaping from (by3 m') him. 590, 647

130 Horus (or Geb ?) has brought to Osiris the king the hearts of the gods. 634

131 Horus has caused that the gods follow Osiris the king. 611

132 Horus has given to Osiris the king all the gods, that they may follow king and that latter may control them (stym k ym smtn). 620

133 Horus has caused the gods to ascend to Osiris the king, has given them to king to illumine his face. 613, 641, 1659

134 Horus has put Osiris the king in heart (hbt(y)) of the gods and has caused that he take every crown (trwy t). 613, 648

135 Horus has grasped for Osiris the king the gods, so that they have not escaped from (by3 r) king, wherever latter has gone. 615

136 Horus has caused king to enfold all the gods in his embrace (hnw t wty) 1832

137 Horus has caused that his children count for (yp n) Osiris the king, wherever latter takes possession. 24, 766

138 [Horus has given to Osiris the king his four children to control. 1828

139 Horus has caused that king become a spirit before the spirits, that he gain control before the living (yby k hnt(y) yby w stym k hnt(y) nh w). 903

140 Horus, son of Osiris, has put king over his (H's) spirits. 969N

141 Horus of Hieraconopolis has given to king latter's spirits, the jackals. 2011

142 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to place king as prince among the spirits, the Imperishable (Stars) who are in the north of the sky. 1220

143 [The son] Horus gives to king latter's ndw-staff before the spirits and his nhbt scepter before the Imperishable Stars. 1994

144 The two great gods (Horus and Thoth) have supported (twl) king and establish his seat (yr smy yt t k) which is in ———. 1571

145 'Horus1 (Hfrw) has put Osiris the king on throne (nh t) of Re-Atum. 1686

146 King is bidden to take the twr t-crown belonging to the Followers of Osiris, that he may thereby become more a spirit than the spirits, by command of Horus, lord of men (nb p t .l). 1804

147 On rule, see also 634(F 140), 956(E 28), 1294(D 194), 1979(E 60)

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114 Bracketed: "bow down."
115 I.e., 'be credited to'.
116 The pronoun here is in 2d per.; but 1294(D 194) has 3d per., referring to Horus.
117 As Breasted notes, comparing 16925b, udn n.f here is a scribal error for ud n f.
E. Activities of Horus—

Glorification

148 Harakhte causes king to hear his fame (ḥ3-w) and his praise (ḥw-t) out of mouth of the two divine enneads. 1449
149 Horus glorifies (ḫ3ḥ) his father (the king). 1712
150 Horus bids king stand, (when) he glorifies him and dispatches him to ascend to sky. 2106

Satisfaction

151 Horus satisfies (ḥ-h3p) king. 397
152 On satisfaction, see also 582 etc. (E 22), 583(F 426), 905(E 90)

Miscellaneous

153 Horus has come as embracer of Osiris the king (m sḥn-k). 11
154 Horus has come to embrace Osiris the king (sḥn-f tw). 575
155 Horus has shone in Osiris the king’s presence (ḥ3ḥ: n ḫ3ḥ br-k) and in latter’s embrace (m ḫw-ḥwy-k(y)). 585
156 Horus has shone again in Osiris the king’s presence (ḥ3ḥ: n f n br-k). 636
157 Horus has found Osiris the king, and has shone (or ‘become a spirit’) in (or ‘through’) him (ḥ3ḥ: n f ḫm-k). 612, 648
158 Horus has bound himself to Osiris the king, and has not parted from him (n ḫwp-n-f yṛ-br-k). 613, 646
159 [Horus unite(s with) (or ‘protects’?) Osiris the king (ḥm-f tw).] 1824
160 When Osiris the king ascends to sky to Re, Horus14 fraternizes with him. 1016P
161 Horus has caused that the gods fraternize with Osiris the king. 577, 645
162 Horus does for king which he did for Osiris. 970
163 Horus comes to king to do for him that which he did for his father Osiris, [that he may be more alive than the sky-dwellers and exist] more truly than do those on earth. 2115
164 He who is among the falcons (Horus, named just previously) is to hasten (ḫym) to king’s ka. 1672
165 King’s son Horus comes to meet him. 1702
166 Horus bids king stand, Set bids him sit, while his arm is taken by Re (so N; W has: ‘‘take his arm,’ says Re’’). 473
167 Morning-star, Horus of Dewat etc. is to cause king to sit because of his righteousness (ḥ3ḥ: k) and to stand because of his reverence (yḥm-k). 1219

14 But it is Re who glorifies the king in 705(G 30), and Gob who glorified Osiris as a god in 1013(G 28).

14 Cf. same phrase with pronouns interchanged in 633 and 1637(C 109). Breasted renders 612: ‘‘(that) there is profit for him in thee,’’ and 648: ‘‘he has pleasure in thee.’’ Kees (Opferung, p. 208, n. 23) declares that ‘‘shine’’ is not in early texts written with the ḫ3ḥ-bird which appears in these and the preceding passages.

14 ‘‘Unites with’’ is favored by parallel phrase ‘‘thou art equipped with him’’ (ḫm-k ym-f). In 1827, and ḫm-k dir. obj. = ‘‘unite with’’ in Urkunden des 18. Altennum. IV, 54 (Eighteenth Dynasty). But the similar phrase in Slabe R 7 uses the preposition m; and ḫm-n-dir. obj. = ‘‘protect’’ several times in Pyr., e.g., in 638 and its parallels.

14 MN have ‘‘Set.’’
E. Activities of Horus—

168 Given to king is

by Horus. 1048

169 'Re, Eastern Horus, and Harakhte, treated as one god,' is to msms m pr.r.t (for king). 1088

170 Re is to purify himself for king, and Horus is to adorn (škr, for ḫkr) himself for him. 1244

171 Horus has not permitted king to ḫhn. 1633

172 Horus is hidden to betake himself to king’s pyramid and to be not distant from it. 1657

173 [(When) king has ascended from lake of life, having purified himself in lake of] the firmament and having become Wepwawet, his son Horus leads him. 1797

174 Horus decks king with the linen (Ḥṣl(y)·t) which came forth from him. 2094

175 Horus has set up (ḥḏt; or ‘plaited’) his arbor (šḥ) over king’s head (ḥr ḫḏḏ-k; or possibly ‘in king’s behalf’); Set has parted (pḥḥ) king’s ‘ribs’ (wrm·w).144 2100

176 Horus provides king with the eye. 19 etc. (F 54, 21 etc. (F 45, 54(F 32), 65(F 55), 104 etc. (F 53), 609(F 64), 742(F 39), 1795(F 40)

177 Other unclassified services of Horus appear in 1684(E 99), 2101-2(D 208), 2213(D 153)

b) Unfavorable

178 Osiris and Horus count not king’s heart (n ḫm·f yḥb·k) and gain no control over his heart (n ḫm·f m ḫḥ(y)·k). 145

179 Father Osiris and son Horus have gained no control over king. 146

180 (One) Horus warns away from king’s pyramid him whom (another) Horus guards (tur)146 and Set protects (mk), Osiris guards and Ḥnty protects, Isis guards and Nephthys protects, Ḥnty-yr ty guards and Thoth protects, and the Ḥnty w guard and the Ṭmn·w·y guard protect. 1264-65

181 If Osiris, Horus, Set, Ḥnty-yr ty, Thoth, Isis, Nephthys, or the Ḥnty w and Ṭmn·w·y come with their evil coming, king’s pyramid-temple is told not to open its arms to them but to bid them begone. 1267-74

F. Eye of Horus—

I. EPITHETS OF THE EYE

1 yḥb·t, “left.” 451(F 135, F 82), 1231(F 143)

2 ḫḏḏ·twn·w, “numerous of beings.” 901

3 ḫḏḏ i, “green.” 96(F 166), 167, 108(F 166)

144 Breasted so renders last phrase without question, and interprets that the “ribs” were spread out as supports.

146 Sethe (Verbaum, I, p. 144) gives for tur “reinigen, schützen.” Its parallelism here with mk is suggested by Pyr. 350a, where again Ḥnty and Osiris are both hostile to king. Gardiner in Rec. de Trav., XXXII, 16 (note on Sinuhe B 11), gives “stand in awe of” as its root meaning.
F. Eye of Horus—

4 \(w^r\cdot t\), “large.” 451(F 135, F 82)
5 \(w^r \cdot t-b^3 \cdot w\), “great of honor.” 901
6 \(w^r \cdot t\), “powerful.” 1234(F 152)
7 \(w^3 \cdot t\), “sound.” 21, 54(F 198), 55(F 78), 900, 1642(F 150)
8 \(b^3 r\cdot t\), “sweet.” 100, 111, 591
9 \(n^m \cdot t-b^t(y)\), “sweet of odor.” 1643
10 \(n^3 s \cdot (t)\), “small.” 61 and 88(F 110)
11 \(r^3 w\cdot t\), “flourishing.” 113(F 206), 614
12 \(h^3 d \cdot t\), “white.” 33(F 424), 48(F 115), 96 and 108(F 166)
13 \(s^w^3 \cdot t\), uncertain. 600
14 \(k^3 t\), uncertain. 2087(F 122)
15 \(k^m \cdot t\), “black.” 33(F 424)
16 \(s^w\cdot t\), “bound.” 1227(F 97)
17 \(d^3 s \cdot t\), “red.” 116 901

II. MAGICAL OR MYSTIC NAMES OF THE EYE

18 \(w^3 h\cdot t-nj\), “offering of the god.” 614
19 \(w^3 y\), a feast. 18 2185
20 \(w^3 r \cdot b^3 k\cdot w\), “sorceress (a crown).” 1795
21 \(n\cdot t\), “city.” 1595
22 \(h^3 h(y) \cdot t\), “prime oil.” 453
23 \(h^3 n\cdot w\), an ointment. 454
24 \(g^r g\cdot w\), “settlements.” 1595
25 \(f\cdot r\cdot t\), “willow-tree.” 453
26 \(\theta n\cdot t\), \(\theta\)\(\theta n\cdot w\), “olive oil.” 116 454

III. RELATIONS OF HORUS TO THE EYE

27 \(H^r S^3(y)\), \(H^r s^m t(y)\), and Eastern Horus, as one god, is hidden to ascend to \(y^3 r\) and does ascend to \(y^3 n\), his large left eye. 452
28 Horus brought \(y^3 n\); or “carried off”? N adds: ‘and supported \(t^w^3\)’
the gods by means of the eye. 51
29 Horus performed purification \(y^3 n\) for his eye. 1233
30 Alas for \(y^3 n\) Horus because of \(n\) his eye; alas for Set because of his testicles. 594
31 “He?” (Horus or better Set?) \(y^3 b\)‘ed the eye. 60 etc. (F 106)
32 Horus has taken his eye (and put it) into Osiris the king’s forehead \(y^3 l \cdot t \cdot n \cdot f \cdot r h^3 \cdot t \cdot k\). 54
33 Horus took \(y^3 t\) the eye. 107
34 Horus has taken his eye and given \(r^3 y\) it to king. 1240

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116 Det. shows eye here is the Red Crown.
117 \(w^3 h\cdot t\) has loaf and jar determinatives in 101c.
118 Text has omitted pronominal suffix after \(n\), so this “name” may possibly apply directly to Horus.
119 Cf. 54(F 368).
F. Eye of Horus—

35 Horus took his eye, rescued \( nhm \) it from his enemies, \( \{ \text{so that} \} \) Set is not profited \(^{130} \) thereby. 2071

36 "He" \( \{ \text{Horus or better Set?} \} \) 8'ed the eye. 105(F 109)

37 Horus rejoiced over \( (wq) \) his eye. 2185

38 \( Hr \ Slt(y) \), \( Hr \ isml(y) \), and Eastern Horus, as one god, is bidden to put \( ((w)d(y)) \) his large left eye in his forehead, that he may \( frwre \) thereby. 453

39 Horus put that which was in his forehead (eye here representing prime oil) on crown of head \( (wp \cdot t) \) of his father Osiris. 742

40 Horus has put his eye in Osiris the king's forehead. 1795

41 Horus assigned \( (wq) \) the eye to his father ... Orion (here the king). 261(E 21)

42 Horus circles about \( (phr) \) behind \( (m \dot{d} \cdot \dot{i}) \), or 'in search of'?) the eye. 070

43 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is bidden to take \( (m) \) the eye. 19, 21, 55, 831

44 Horus is bidden to take his eye. 1243(E 109), 1614

45 Horus has completely filled \( (mh) \) Osiris the king with his eye. 21, 114, 614, 18[58]

46 Horus filled his empty eye with his full eye (cosmetic). 1682

47 "He" \( \{ \text{Horus?} \} \) 8'ed the eye. 85

48 Horus spoke \( (mdw) \) concerning the eye in presence of Geb \( (hr \cdot s \ hr \ Gb) \). 1643

49 Horus 8'ed ("went striding off" or 'did obeisance'? after the eye. 1565(F 85)

50 The son Horus has rescued \( (nhm) \) his eye from Osiris the king's enemy and given it to king. 578

51 Horus has rescued his eye from Set and given it to Osiris the king. 591

52 Horus rescued his eye. See also 1595(F 85), 2071(F 35)

53 Horus has given \( (rdj) \) his eye to king. 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 1240(F 34)

54 Horus has given his eye to Osiris the king. 19, 578(F 50), 591(F 51), 614, 634, 641, 1805

55 Horus has given his eye into hand (\( \)?) of Osiris the king. 65

56 Horus gave his eye to Osiris. 1643

57 Horus has not permitted \( (rdj) \) his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) to hearken to Westerners, Easterners, Southerners, Northerners, nor those in the midst of \( (hry \cdot u \cdot yb) \) the land. 1588

58 Horus picked up \( (h \cdot 3m) \) the eye. 93

59 Horus rejoiced \( (h \cdot g) \) at approach \( (h \cdot g/w) \) of his eye (when) it was given (back) to him before his father Geb. 977

60 Horus is praised \( (hkn) \) thereby. 454(F 89)

61 Horus is satisfied with \( (hlp \ hr) \) his eye. 1581, 2072

62 Horus was satisfied with his eye. 59

\(^{130} \) Sethc (quoted by Breasted) thinks

\[ \text{a denominative verb from } n \cdot h \cdot n. \]
F. Eye of Horus—

63 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is hidden to equip (ḥtn) himself with the eye. 21

64 Horus has equipped Osiris the king with his eye, has united (ḥ-dmḥ) his eye to king. 609

65 "He" (Horus or better Set?) ḫnfr'ed the eye. 76 etc. (F 113)

66 Horus falls (ḥr) because of (n) his eye; the bull (so W; T has 'Set') collapses (šbn) because of his testicles. 418

67 Horus falls because of (ḥr) his eye; Set suffers (pšš)114 because of his testicles. 679

68 "He" (Horus?) ḫknfr'ed the eye. 108

69 "He" (Horus) took possession of (ḥtn; or 'protected') the eye. 51

70 Horus goes to the eye (sy r-š). 51

71 "He" (Horus or better Set?) ṣḥns'ed the eye. 109(F 114)

72 Horus recognized (špj) his eye in the Prince-house that is in Heliopolis (ḥt-t-šr ṣnyy-t Ywnw). 1614

73 "He" (Horus?) handed over the eye (y-pšḥ-j y-nf y-n-J). 109

74 "He" (Horus?) —ed upon his eye (y-pšḥ-kk t-n-f ḫr-š). 51

75 "He" (Horus?) ḫ-swn'ed the water 'by means of' (m; or 'from' or 'in' or 'into') the eye. 88

76 "He" (Horus or better Set?) ḫ-pšš'ed the eye. 108(F 116)

77 Horus (dwelling) in Osiris the king is hidden to unite (ḥ-ḥm(y)) the sound eye to his face. 55

78 Horus united his sound eye. 55

79 Horus has united his eye to Osiris the king. 609(F 64)

80 Horus goes to the eye (šm yr-š). 83

81 Horus went about (šn) in the protection of his eye. 195 etc. (C 92)

82 ḫr šḥt(y), ḫr šmn(y), and Eastern Horus, as one god, is asked to receive (šp) his large left eye from king in sound condition, with its waters (mwt), its colors (tr-w), and its 'throats' (ḥt(y)-w(l)t) in it. 451

83 Horus took (šl) the eye from Set. 95

84 Horus built (ḥd) the eye. 1589(F 92)

85 Horus settled (grp) the eye (Egypt or some part thereof), 'went striding off' (m(wu) f; Breasted takes as ṣnw, 'did obeisance') after it, and rescued (nḥm) it from every green thing which Set did against it. 1595

86 Horus settled the eye. See also 1589(F 92)

87 Horus supported (lw) the gods by means of the eye. 51(F 28)

88 Horus is to trwrw thereby. 453(F 38)

89 ḫr šḥt(y), ḫr šmn(y), and Eastern Horus, as one god, sparkles (ḥblh) thereby among the gods, and is praised (ḥkn) thereby. 454

90 Horus besought his eye from (dbḥ m') Set. 65

91 Horus adored (ḥḏš) his eye (Egypt or some part thereof) with both his arms (ḥw-n). 1588, 1596(C 94)

92 Horus adored the eye (as above), built (ḥd) it, settled (grp) it. 1539

93 Others provide Horus with his eye. See 451(F 135), 555(D 108), 946(F 98), 1235 etc. (F 203), 1239(F 197), 1643(F 173)

114 So Setho, Verbum, I, p. 158.
F. Eye of Horus—
94 Other connections of Horus with his eye. 19 etc. (F 306), 61 etc. (F 227), 72(F 243), 74(F 181), 86(F 182), 737(F 149), 901(F 263), 1407(F 259), 1589–92(F 279), 1583–84(F 291), 1756(F 310), 2072(F 286), 2076(F 289), 2088(F 318), 2090(F 195), 2091(F 120)

IV. Relations of Others to the Eye
95 The spirits (yḏ·w). 57(F 235), 579(F 159)
96 Osiris. Besides references to king (F 130 ff.), see 742(F 39), 1643(F 56)
97 M3-h3-j, the ferryman, called also ḫr-j-h3-j, is hidden to bring (yng) for king the bound (p·t) eye of Horus which is in Field of ‘Rowers’ (ḏ·t-hant·w), namely (the barque) ‘Eye of Khnum.’ 1227
98 The ferryman (mḥnty) is hidden to bring to Horus his eye and to Set his testicles. 946
99 The gods (nty-w) ‘crushed’ (p3) eye of Horus, that they might eat (wsh) there(of). 117
100 The gods who ferry over on wing of Thoth to yonder side of Lily Lake to east side of sky to speak with (md·t ḫt) Set about (ḥr) eye of Horus are entreated to ferry king over with them to same place for same purpose. 595–96
101 The gods fear before (nt n) eye of Horus. 1755
102 The gods. See also 51(F 28), 634(F 140), 737(F 149), 1147(F 236), 1231(F 143), 2075(F 160)
103 Re. 2090(F 319)
104 ‘The hoers’, ‘they who wear the skin’ (former written

\[=\] is parallel), have swallowed (‘m) the eye. 118
105 Khnum. 1227(F 97)
106 ‘H3’ (Set?) ‘confined’ (ykh for ḥkh) the eye. 60, 73, 77, 78, 86
107 Set took (yty) the eye. 1233, [2213]
108 ‘H3’ (Set?) is not to swallow (‘m) the eye. 92(F 179)
109 ‘H3’ (Set?) ‘withheld’ (‘h) the eye. 105
110 Set ate of (wmm m) the small eye of Horus. 61, 88
111 The eye was wrested (ḥp) from Set. 36, 39
112 Set swallowed (ḥup) the eye. 1839(F 218)
113 ‘H3’ (Set?) ‘swallowed’ (ḥnfi and ḫn resp.) the eye. 76, 95
114 ‘H3’ (Set?) ‘carried it off’ (šhs). 109
115 [Finger of Set causes] the white eye of Horus [to see (ḏ·m3)]. 48

142 Or perhaps ‘Field of Conflict’; for, while det. of ḥnw is a ship in F, in M it is a (mutilated) man with weapon. Cf. ‘that place where they fought’ in 1242(F 204).
143 Cf. 99(F 150).
144 Cf. 97(F 183).
F. Eye of Horus—

116 "He" (Set?) 'took' (š·šd)\textsuperscript{185} the white and the green eye of Horus. 108
117 Set 'tramples' (ty)\textsuperscript{130} the eye. 73
118 Set. See also 20(F 288), 48(F 276), 65(F 90), 84(F 246), 95(F 83), 591 (F 51), 594(F 278), 595-96(F 100), 1242(F 204), 1407(F 259), 1593-94(F 291), 1595(F 85), 1742(F 226), 2071(F 35)
119 Shu is hidden to bear (wš.t) eye of Horus to sky, to the šbdw of the sky. 2091
120 Shu is hidden to go (sny) as\textsuperscript{187} one who shall row (šš₃w·t(y)·f(y)) Horus 'on account of' (ḥr) his eye. 2091
121 Geb gives (rdj) to king that which (was) in forehead of Horus. 139
122 Geb has lifted up (š šs) the kšš·t eye. 2087
123 Geb. See also 977(F 59), 1643(F 48)
124 Thoth is to bring (yngj) king bearing (ḥr) the eye. 58
125 Thoth is hidden to set on ((w)d(y)) for king the eye of Horus (king's head).\textsuperscript{186} 830
126 Thoth is hidden to ascend (pr) to king bearing the eye. 58
127 Thoth avenged (ng) the eye. 2213
128 Thoth is hidden to give (rdj) the eye to king. 58
129 Thoth. See also 43(F 294), 594(F 278), 976(F 255)
130 King is the eye of Horus. 698(F 280), 976(F 300), 1147, 1460(F 409)
131 Osiris the king is hidden to unite (y)b the eye to his mouth. 60, 72
132 King is not left boatless (yngj), (for) he possesses (ḥr) the eye. 1429
133 King yngj's after the eye. 106(F 223)
134 King is hidden to assign (ypj) the eye to himself. 100, 111, 591
135 King brings (yngj) to Hr Sš(y)šš(y), Hr ššnt(y), and Eastern Horus, considered as one god, latter's large left eye. 451
136 King brings to Horus his eye. 535(D 228)
137 Osiris the king is to betake himself to (yš r) the eye. 82
138 Osiris the king is to take (yšr) the eye. 67, 1838
139 Osiris the king takes the eye (wine) to his mouth. 36
140 Osiris the king is to take wrr·t-crown before the gods by means of the eye. 634
141 King is to take wrr t-crown by means of the eye. See also 737(F 149), 2075(F 100)
142 King has not swallowed ('m) eye of Horus nor a member ('t·t) of Osiris, that he should die because of either. 1450

\textsuperscript{185} This verb in both 96(F 184) and 108(F 116) may have nothing to do with šd, "take," for writing and subject alike differ, e.g., in 55(F 83).

\textsuperscript{186} Cf. the reduplicated form tpy in Eman's Giosis. Comparison of 73(F 117) and 60(F 185) shows that Set is the offender in both cases.

\textsuperscript{187} The writing

\textsuperscript{188} Cf. 639 and 10b.
F. Eye of Horus—

143 King stands at (ḥ r) that left eye of Horus, where in (m; or 'by' or 'concerning which') the word of the gods is heard. 1231

144 King has purified himself (wḥ) with the eye of Horus; his injury (ḥḏḥ) has been removed by the two falconesses of Osiris (ḏr-ty-Yḥyr, Isis and Nephthys). 308, 312

145 Osiris the king opens (wḥ) his mouth with the eye of Horus (wine). 36

146 King is to open his mouth with the eye. 39, 63, 92, 93, 106

147 Osiris the king is to open his mouth with that which lays hold of him (mḥ·t ṣm·k, the eye, here wine). 36

148 King becomes (wḥ) Presider over the Westerners by means of the eye. 139(F 161)

149 King is bidden to clothe himself in (wḥ m) the eye of Horus which is in Tḥy t, that it may be king's ky·t in presence of the gods and the means of his recognition (m·qy·t) by them, that he may take (ṯḥy) urr·t-crown by means of it from the gods and from Horus, lord of men (nb-pō·t). 737

150 King is bidden to put on (wḥḥ) the sound eye of Horus which is in Tḥy·t. 1692

151 King is bidden to put on eye of Horus, to receive (ḥṯp) it upon himself, that it may unite (ḏmy) with his flesh and that he may ascend (ṣr) thereby and the gods see him decked (ḏḥ) therewith. 844-45

152 King puts on (wḥḥ) the White Crown (ḥḥ t) the powerful (wḥḥ·t) eye of Horus there. 1234

153 Osiris the king is bidden to put ((wḥ)ḏ(y)) the eye within himself (mn·k), that "he" (king's enemy) may fear before him (mr·f n·k). 249

154 Osiris the king is bidden to put the eye within himself, that his every enemy may fear before him. 514

155 Osiris the king is to put the eye unto himself (ḥr·k). 1798, [18]08

156 King is to put the eye ('butter or cheese') in his mouth. 31

157 Osiris the king has put the eye in his mouth. 77

158 King puts on crown of his head (wḥ t) that which was in forehead of Horus (eye here representing prime oil). 742T

159 Osiris the king is to become a soul (bḥ) and gain control (ḏḥm) before the spirits by means of the eye. 579

160 King becomes a soul, gains control, receives obeisance (wḥḥ), and takes (ṯḥy) urr·t-crown among the gods, by means of the eye. 2075

161 King becomes a soul, gains control, and becomes (wḥ) Presider over the Westerners, by means of that which (was) in forehead of Horus. 139

162 Osiris the king 'crushes' (p ḫ) eye of Horus (cakes) in order to eat. 35, 78

163 King is to ascend (ṣr) thereby. 845(F 151)

164 Osiris the king is to carry (ḥḥ) the eye to his face. 61

165 King is bidden to take (m) the eye of Horus. 19, 31, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, [43], [48], 51, 59, 60, 61, 64, 72-74, 76-78, 80, 82-89, 92-95, 97-100, 105-10, 117, 1756, 1807, 1839, 1849, 2033

166 Osiris the king is bidden to take both the white and the green eye of Horus. 96, 108

119 Cf. 595-96(F 100).
F. Eye of Horus—

167 Osiris the king is to see (m\textsuperscript{3}k) by means of the eye of Horus.\textsuperscript{100} 641, 1805, 1807, 1808

168 King speaks with (\textit{mdw-f ḥf}) Set about eye of Horus. 596(F 100)

169 The eye was rescued (\textit{nḥm}) for king. 39, 40

170 King is to ḥḥḥ the eye unto himself. 21, 115, 1068, 1881

171 King is to ḥḥḥ (the eye) unto himself. 100, 112, 216, 591

172 Osiris the king ‘fed upon’ (\textit{nḥḥḥ ḥṛ}) the eye. 64

173 ‘King’ has given (\textit{rdy}) the eye (back) to Horus to equip (ḥtm) his face therewith. 1643

174 The eye is presented (ḥnk) to king. 1881

175 King sought (ḥḥ) the eye in Pe, found (gm) it in Heliopolis. 1242

176 King is to be satisfied with (ḥtp ḥr) the eye. ‘58’, 59

177 King is to equip (ḥtm) himself with the eye. 40, 901

178 King is to equip his face with the eye (incense). 19, 20, 29

179 Osiris the king is to prevent (ḥw) that ‘he’ (Set?) swallow (‘m) the eye. 92

180 Osiris the king is to prevent that ‘he’ (Set?) ‘withhold’ (‘ḥ) the eye. 99

181 Osiris the king is to prevent that ‘he’ (Horus?) suffer (\textit{pšs})\textsuperscript{114} because of (ḥr) the eye. 74

182 Osiris the king is to prevent that ‘he’ (Horus?) suffer from the eye (\textit{mn-ḥ ᵇ(y)}). 86

183 Osiris the king is to prevent that “he” (Set?) ‘carry off’ (ḥhš) the eye. 97

184 Osiris the king is to prevent that “he” (Set?) ‘take’ (ḥ-ḥd)\textsuperscript{115} the white and the green eye of Horus. 96

185 Osiris the king is to prevent that “he” (Set?) ‘trample’ (ty) the eye.\textsuperscript{116} 60

186 King advances (ḥnl) possessing (ḥr) the eye of Horus, and sits upon seat of the gods. 1241

187 Osiris the king embraces (ḥhš) the eye. 80

188 King is in embrace of eye of Horus. 600, 1242

189 King punished (ḥs) his enemies by means of the eye. 1240(F 429)

190 Osiris the king is to assign (y-ḥ (y)p) the eye to himself. 87

191 [Osiris the king is not to let] go of (ḥš-fḥḥ) the eye. 43

192 Osiris the king is not to ḥḥḥḥḥnḥ the eye. 76

193 Osiris the king is to drive it back (ḥm) from himself. 59

194 King is to gain control (ḥtm) by means of the eye. 139(F 161), 579(F 159), 2075(F 160)

195 King is to ‘assume’ (ḥ-ḥḥ) the eye to himself. 46, 100, 111, 591

196 King is to go (ḥy) as\textsuperscript{117} one who shall row (m ḥḥšw-ḥ(ḥy)-f(ḥy)) Horus ‘on account of’ (ḥṛ) his eye. 2090

197 King fastens on (ḥ-ḥs) for Horus that which came forth from latter’s head. 1239

198 King is to unite (ḥ-ḥḥ(ḥy)) to his face the sound eye of Horus (cosmetic). 54

\textsuperscript{100} In 610 and 1805(E 43), after Horus has bestowed his eye on the king, he opens “thy (the king’s, title having been transferred by the previous act) eye, that thou mayest see thereby.”

\textsuperscript{114} Used of Set in 679(F 67).
F. Eye of Horus—

199 King is to follow (ḫm) eye of Horus to sky, to the ḫḏw of the sky. 2090

200 King is to receive (šp) his bread, even the eye of Horus. 63

201 King is to receive the eye upon himself. 844(F 151)

202 King is to take (šd) the eye. 1354

203 King ascending to sky takes eye of Horus to latter. 1235, 1237, 1239

204 King took the eye of Horus from head of Set in that place where they fought. 1242

205 King's heart is to be refreshed by possession of the eye (kb ḫr·š, libation). 22

206 Osiris the king is to (ḫp) the flourishing eye within himself (yṃ·k yṃ·k),
that his enemy may fear before him (mr n·k). 113

207 King found (ḏm) the eye. 1242(F 175), 2089, 2090

208 Osiris the king is to 'satisfy' (ḏp) himself with the eye. 110

209 King is the ' — falcon (ḥyk ṉg) encircling (ḏbn) the eye of Horus of Dewat
(Ḥr hṛy-ṣb ḫw[t]). 1959

210 King tastes (ḏp) the eye (a loaf). 38

211 The gods are to see king decked (ḏb) with the eye. 845(F 151)

212 Others than Horus provide king with the eye. 18 etc. (F 220), 20 etc.
(F 215), 22(F 216), 58(F 124, 126, 128), 139(F 121), 216(F 214), 742MN
(F 217), 830(F 125), 1068(F 219), 1227(F 97), 1755(F 221)

213 Other connections of king with the eye. 12(F 305), 18(F 312), 19(F 314),
20(F 274, 288), 20 etc. (F 310), 38(F 273), 40(F 241), [43] etc. (F 296),
57(F 269, 235), 64 etc. (F 306), 67(F 262), 72(F 295), 79 (F 304), 87
(F 281), 93(F 302), 94(F 275), 104(F 299), 116(F 283), 758(F 228, 339),
846(F 270), 901(F 263), 976(F 282), 1067(F 229), 1241(F 311), 1407
(F 239), 1754(F 313), 1800-1801(F 298), 2033(F 256), 2076(F 285)

214 'Priest' (1st per. throughout the following group) has assigned (yḏ) the
eye to king. 216

215 'Priest' brings (yḏy) the eye to king. 20, 22, 31, 54, 846, 1794, 2074

216 'Priest' brings the eye (libation) under king's soles (kb·wy). 22

217 'Priest' puts ((w)ḏ(y)) on crown of king's head (wp·š) that was in
forehead of Horus (eye here representing prime oil). 742MN

218 'Priest' rescued (ṷḥm) the eye from Set (after) latter had swallowed (_firestore) it. 1839

219 'Priest' gives (ḏḏy) the eye to king. 1068

220 'Priest' has given the eye to Osiris the king. 18, 20, 66, 216, 1808

221 'Priest' has decked (ḏb) Osiris the king with the eye (linen). 1755

222 “They” (obscure) come ‘— by means of (or 'in’ or ‘from?’) the eye of
Horus (yṃ·šn)

yṃ·š). 89

113 Probably scribal error.

for d: cf. 249 and 614(F 153-54).

114 See latter summarized under E 176.
F. Eye of Horus—

223 "They" spewed out (bš) the eye. 92
224 "They" 'eat' (y·nšb·t·ʾn) the eye. 104
225 "They" 'ate' (y·nšb·t·ʾn·ʾn) the eye. 98
226 "Put ye" (read  

\[\text{as rdg} : y, \text{ impv. pl.} \text{ the eye of Horus upon wing of his brother Set.} \]

1742

227 "They" ḫbm'ed eye of Horus against him. 61, 89

V. Actions, Circumstances, and Qualities of the Eye

228 The eye comes (yy) to king and addresses (mdw) him. 758
229 The eye comes (yp) to king at first of the ten (-day period), while he ywgly's after it. 1067
230 The eye is conceived (yyr · t'). 698(F 280)
231 The eye is 'greater than' ('i r) king. 116(F 283)
232 The eye lives ('nš). 2050(F 240)
233 The eye is distant from king (wšš · s ḫr · k). 1881
234 The eye (king's pyramid and mortuary temple) is pure (wššb). 1277
235 The eye opens (wp) king's way before (ḥnt) the spirits. 57
236 The eye is mighty against men (wšr · t yr r(m)l · t)), victorious (rḥt) against gods. 114

1147
237 The eye spits not (nor) spews (n wp · t bšš · š). 1460P(l. 661)
238 The eye spat and spews (wp · t bšš · t). 1460P(l. 774-75)M
239 The eye is sound (wpšš'). 21, 451(F 82)
240 The eye of Horus which is in Heliopolis is sound and lives. 2050
241 The eye has not escaped from (by') r) king. 40
242 The eye spews (bšš) or spews not. 1460(F 237-38)
243 The eye 'purged' (bd) mouth of Horus. 72
244 In (m) Heliopolis. 1242(F 175), 2050(F 240)
245 In Fe. 1242(F 175)
246 In forehead (ḥš · t) of Horus and that of Set respectively. 82-84
247 In Houses of Red Crown (ḥš · ḫt · w-n · t). 56(F 264)
248 In Field of 'Rowers' (ḏḥ · t-ḥm-n · w). 1227(F 97)
249 In (city of) Tšy · t. 737(F 149), 1642(F 150), 1794, 2074

250 In ḫt. 56(F 264)
251 The eye is to see (mšš) Horus. 2088(F 318)
252 The eye is that which lays hold of king (mšš · t ḫm · k). 36(F 147)
253 Born (mšš · t) every day. 698(F 250)
254 Is king's means of recognition (m · šyš · t). 737(F 149)
255 Addresses (mdw) king. 758(F 228)
256 Belongs to Osiris the king (m · šyš · t ḫyshšš). 2033
257 The eye nḫšpšš's. 98, 104

114 Or "more . . . than . . ." in both cases, as Breasted renders.
1145 Emend according to 1704.
F. Eye of Horus—

258 The eye $\text{nb[hd]}$'s upon wing of Thoth in east (left) side of ladder of the god. 976

259 The eye has $\text{nkh}$'ed unto 'king and Horus'; has not been given to the attacker ($\text{gd}$), Set. 1407

260 'Victorious against' ($\text{nhf t}$) gods. 1147(F 236)

261 The eye trickles ($\text{nd[dy]}$) on the $\text{dnw}$-bush. 133, 695

262 Avenges ($\text{nd}$) Osiris the king. 67

263 The eye is to avenge king as it avenges Horus. 901

264 Eye of Horus which (is) in $\text{Dp}$, eye of Horus which (is) in Houses of Red Crown ($\text{hi·ut·n·t}$),166 wakes ($\text{rs}$) in peace, having received the $\text{yr·wt}$ that adorned the $\text{wr·c}$-chapel. 56

265 Causes that the Two Lands bow ($\text{rdy·t kwy}$) to king as they bowed to Horus, that they fear before ($\text{wr n}$) king as they feared before Set. 57

266 Serves to inspire fear in king's enemy. See 113(F 206), 249(F 163), 614(F 154)

267 Fear ($\text{snd}$) arose because of ($\text{hpr hr}$) the eye. 1040

268 The eye $\text{hmmn}$'s. 94, 107

269 Sits before ($\text{hmt·t hft}$) king as his god. 57

270 Not distant from ($\text{hr r}$) king for ever and ever. 846

271 Protects ($\text{jw}$) king from . . . Set. 20(F 288)

272 Falls ($\text{hr}$) in east side of sky. 947(F 277)

273 Is king's $\text{sknty}$. 38

274 The eye (incense) is to purify ($\text{s·(w)²b}$) king. 20

275 The eye $\text{snw}$'s not against king. 94

276 [Illumines ($\text{s·hg}$) tip of fingler of Set. 48

277 The eye, and king with it, turns ($\text{itp}$) and falls ($\text{hr}$) in east side of sky. 947

278 When it has seen Thoth, the eye turns and falls upon Thoth's wing in yonder side of Lily Lake, to protect itself ($\text{yr·nd·s d·t·s}$) from Set. 504

279 Eye of Horus (Egypt or some part thereof) hearkens to ($\text{stm n}$) Horus only, doing for him everything which he says to it wherever he goes, carrying ($\text{Z}$) to him the swamp-waters, all the wood, the food, the drink-offerings, everything, which is or shall be in it.167 1589–92

280 King is this eye of Horus168 which sleeps ($\text{dfr t}$), is conceived ($\text{ywr t}$), and is born ($\text{mtr·t}$) every day. 998N

281 The eye cuts not ($\text{Z}$) against Osiris the king. 87

282 King goes ($\text{sm}$), going as the eye of Horus (goes). 976

283 Eye of Horus, as incense, is higher and greater than ($\text{kds·t qnty r}$)169 king. 116

284 The eye is king's $\text{ky·t}$. 737(F 149)

285 Is upon king ($\text{tpy·t·k}$). 2070(D 144)

286 Unites with ($\text{dmy m}$) Horus. 2072

287 Is to unite with ($\text{dmy r}$) king, with his flesh. 844(F 151)

166 These "eyes" stand parallel to Tiy·t and Tiyt(y)·t.
167 Parallel passage 1599–1602 has Nut (mentioned in 1596) hearkening to and serving the king.
168 TP have "Re."
169 Or "is high and great upon." Breasted suggests both.
F. Eye of Horus—

288 Eye of Horus (incense) removes (dr) the (odor of) king’s moisture (rgw) and protects him from the flood of the ‘region’ of Set (hwt s fsw mt³ jph n t n Štš). 20

289 Attack (qmd) of eye of Horus falls (hr) against his enemies. 2072

290 See also 2087(D 193) and the epithets in F 1–17

VI. Parts and Accessories of the Eye

291 The doors (t 3- w) which are upon the eye of Horus (Egypt or some part thereof) stand like Ywm-nw-t.f, and open not (wn) to Westerners, Easterners, Northerners, Southerners, nor those in the midst of the land, but (only) to Horus; for Horus made and erected them and rescued (nḫm) them from every ill which Set did against them. 1598–94

292 Beings (wn · w). 901(F 2)

293 Falcon (byk) came forth from (or ‘as’?) eye of Horus. 1843

294 [Thoth saw the waters (mw)] which were in the eye of Horus. 43

295 Osiris the king is to unite (y’h) to himself the waters which (are) in the eye. 72

296 Osiris the king is to take (m) the waters which (are) in the eye. [43], [47]

297 Waters. See also 451(F 82)

298 King is to fill himself with the ointment (mdw) which came forth from the eye, that it may fasten (šš) his bones, unite (dmd) his members, bring together (šlk) his flesh, and loose (šfḥ) his evil sweat to earth. 1800–1801

299 King is to take (m) ‘adornment’ (‘nḥḥ b t) of the eye. 104

300 Foot (rd) of the eye of Horus (eye here is the king) is limited (qdr) wherever it is. 170 976

301 Forehead (ḥš- t). 2090(F 319)

302 Osiris the king is to take (m) pupil (ḥwm t) which is in the eye of Horus. 93

303 ‘Throats’ (ḥḥ(y) w(t)). 451(F 82)

304 Osiris the king is to take ḫḥ of the eye of Horus. 79

305 Osiris the king’s mouth is opened (wtp) by ḫḥ of the eye. 12

306 Osiris the king is to take the šwt-t of the eye of Horus. 64, 81

307 A band of green and of dark red linen (ššd ṭśw n(y) ydwmy) was spun (šš) from the eye. 1202

308 The odor (šḥ(y)) of his eye is upon (r) Horus. 2072

309 Horus pdq’d with (m; or ‘in’) odor of his eye. 19, 1754

310 Odor of the eye of Horus is upon (r) king. 20, 1803, 2074, 2075

311 Odor of the eye of Horus is upon king’s flesh. 1241

312 Odor of the eye of Horus (incense) pdq’sḥš to king. 18

313 Osiris the king is to take upon himself the odor of the eye. 1754

314 Osiris the king is to equip (ḥtm) himself with odor of the eye (incense). 19

315 Odor. See also 1643(F 9)

170 Similar passages in 622 and 625 refer to king directly, and declare that his foot is not limited.

171 Cf. 209(A 57).

172 Breasted: ‘‘‘adorner.’’”
F. Eye of Horus—

316 Its 'inh' was made for the eye of Horus. 1756
317 Colors (t· w). 451(F 82)
318 Head (GY Совет) of eye of Horus was given, that it might see (mi) Horus. 2088
319 A head was given to the eye of Horus, and a forehead (h² t) was made for it out of crown of Re's head (wr t). 2090

VII. Symbolism of the Eye of Horus. It Represents

320 3mē-scepter. 122 43
321 (Wine of) Nebesheh (Ym· t). 174 93WN
322 Wine (yyp). 36, 39
323 Wine of Nebesheh (yyp· Ym· t). 93T
324 Wine of the Delta (yyp· Ydh· w'). 92, 106
325 Wine of 'inh' (yyp· bē). 92T
326 Wine of 'inh' (yyp n hımaw). 93T
327 Wine of Pelusium (yyp· Šyn). 176 94T
328 Every sweet 'thing' ('ybh 'bn nb· (l) bnrt· t). 100, 111
329 Yhd-fruit. 95
330 Barley (yl). 97
331 'Incense' (yd· t). 77
332 (Wine of) ‘bē. 92WN
333 Seed-grain (g· t). 174 109
334 Green cosmetic (wḏq s). 54
335 Wkh-grain. 177 99, 105
336 Rolls of linen (wnb· w). 57
337 W· L· cakes. 103
338 Wrr· t-crown. 845
339 King's soul (b3) and control (šhm). 758
340 B'b3· t-grain. 98, 104
341 The olive-tree that is in Heliopolis (b3k t ymy t Ywsw). 118
342 Bd-natron. 128 72

Text reads:

Breasted renders: "... which 'Set' made ..."

122 On Ym· t as Nebesheh see Petrie, Nebesheh and Dosen, p. 8 and Pls. X, X1.
174 On Šyn as Pelusium see Spiegelberg in Zeitschrift für Äg. Sprache, XLIX. 81.
These and many following items of the offering-ritual are discussed by Bollacher in von Dissing, Mastaba des Gem-ni-kos, II, 37-40, as well as in Budge's books based on Maspero and Dümichen (cf. notes passim).
177 See references in Gemäkai, II, 39. Bollacher there reads 'g· t; but Erman (Grum.) gives under Schrifttafel S 47 the value ' , not ' .
178 Wkh-grain is made into 'b3· t; see Newberry, Rekhmara, Pl. XII and p. 35. Other references also are in Gemäkai, II, 39.
118 Budge (Litergy of Funerary Offerings, 111) calls bd "Incense," though the vignette which he reproduces shows

as determinative.
F. Eye of Horus—
343 P³·t-cakes. 78
344 P³·t-kg³·t-cake. 35N
345 An offering-cake (p³·t n·t w dn). 35W
346 A mortuary offering (pr·(t r) ḫnw). 58
347 A royal mortuary offering. 59
348 Psn-leaves. 74
349 ẖLiver (m(y)s t). 82, 88
350 Water (mnw). 10
351 Mnw-jars. 33
352 Dove (mnw·t). 86
353 Raiment of the god (mnkh·t-nfr). 42
354 King’s pyramid (mr) and mortuary temple (ḥt·n·nfr). 1277(F 234)
355 Black cosmetic (m·ḥdm·t). 54
356 Mdw-staff. 43¹
357 Nbs-fruit. 98, 104
358 Np³·t-fruit or grain. 87, 109
359 Spleen (mnšm). 83
360 Nhbb-t-scepter. 43¹
361 Nhnm-oil. 51
362 Natron (ḥnfr). 23
363 Every fruit (rmϕ·t nb·(t)). 100, 111
364 Ṯnn·wt·t-linen. 1755, 1794
365 ħḥḥ (ḥḥy or ḫy). 66
366 A breast of meat (ḥḥ·(t)-y(w)f). 84
367 (Wine of) ẖḥmnw. 93WN
368 Prime olive oil (ḥḥy·t·ḥḥaw).¹⁹ 54
369 A limb (ḥ'). 83
370 Ḥbnmn t-fruit¹. 76, 94, 107
371 A (drink)-offering or libation (ḥḥk·t). 100, 112
372 Beer (ḥk·t). 39, 40, 61
373 The offering of the broad hall (ḥḥp-wsẖ·t). 59, 103
374 A royal offering (ḥḥp·(n)y)-wš·t). 58, 59
375 Temple-income (ḥḥp-nfr, with food 'determinatives'). 115
376 The White Crown (ḥḏ·t). 1234(F 152)
377 An altar (ḥḏ·(w)·t). 58
378 A joint of meat (ḥps). 12, 79
379 Ḥnfw-fruit¹. 76, 95
380 Ḥnms-beer.¹⁰ 61, 89
381 Ḥrḥnfr-fruit¹.¹¹ 108

¹⁹ On Ḥnfr as "olive," see Newberry in Ancient Egypt, 1915, pp. 97-98. This is one of seven oils prominent in the Old Kingdom. The Metropolitan Museum (New York) possesses in its Old Kingdom collection a rectangular alabaster tablet with the seven oils cups each properly inscribed. There are three similar tablets in the British Museum; see Budge, Book of Opening the Mouth, I, xil-xiv.
¹⁰ Pyr. writing would indicate Ḥnsw; but the true reading is proved by variants listed by Dümichen in Grabopaiast des Ptolemasop, I. Abt., Pl. XXIV, No. 92. Cf. also the word lmn, with ṭ written before ḫ in Pyr. 274 and 1166.
¹¹ Probably intended for Ḥnfw (F 379); note relation of Ḥbnmn-t-series (F 370).
F. Eye of Horus—

382 A s·t-gooss. 85
383 A libation (š3). 1840
384 Wheat (suf). 97
385 Butter or cheese' (srw).152 31
386 A joint of meat (š3ṃw).152 38, 80
387 A šš·t-garment. 41
388 A joint of meat (šw·t). 64, 81
389 Š4·t-oil. 51
390 (Wine of) Pelesium (š3yn).176 94WN
391 Incense (šnl'y). 18, 19 (cf. 1644a), 20–21a (cf. 1644b), 29, 116, 1643
392 A šš·t-staff. 46
393 šš·t-fruit.184 96, 108
394 Šš·t-loaves.185 87
395 The terror (šš·t) inspired by king. 900
396 Šnš-bread 64
397 Libation (šbb). 22–23
398 Ṝmš·t-loaves.123 77
399 Bread (š4). 61, 64W1
400 The king’s bread. 63(F 200), 217
401 Baked bread (š4 šr).186 78
402 são1 bread (š4 ylh). 60, 73
403 ‘Fresh’ bread (š4 wšq). 107
404 Nbs·t-bread (š4 nbš).188 99
405 são1 bread (š4 syf). 86
406 Tw4w·t-oil. 51
407 The choicest of the (food)-offering (tpš·t-wšš·t).147 114
408 Twš·t-bread. 60, 73
409 This bright red1 (mšš·t) (crown ?), equated with king, who is then equated with the eye. 1490
410 —— (fr or kšy). 66
411 Figs (d3šš). 110
412 A dp·t-loaf. 38
413 The Red Crown (dšr·t). 901(F 17)
414 Red jars (dšr·wt). 249

152 Cf. Budge (Liturgy, 67, 158, 211), following Maspero and Dümichen. The former prefers “butter” (Optic

CAIPE

In Gen. 18:8), the latter “cheese.” See Dümichen’s discussion (Paiuamenop, I, 19–20).
152 Budge (Liturgy, 82–84, etc.) renders “breast.”
153 But Bollacher takes šš·t (later šš·t) for grain, and Maspero thinks it nuts.
155 Distinction between the words šš·t, one standing for cakes and the other for loaves, is remarked by Erman, Zur ṣr, Wortforschung (I), p. 15.
156 On reading the t of this and the following references in its original value of š, “bread,” cf. the variants of šš syf and šš nbš given by Dümichen in Paiuamenop, I, Fl. XXIV, No. 86, and Fl. XXVI, No. 112.
Eye of Horus—

415 Adornment (ḏb), 1 'b3wy3k—kilt. 188  41
416 Milk (ḏ3r·t). 189  61, 88
417 'Theban milk' (tḏ3r·t-W3l·r).  80

418 Food: bread and beer ( \[\text{bread symbol} \] ).  60, 72

419 A barque.  1227(F 97)
420 Egypt or some part thereof.  1588–96(F 91, 57, 92, 279, 291, 85; C 94)
421 The king's head.  830(F 125)
422 The king himself.  698 etc. (F 130)
423 Cf. also the mystic names in F 18–26.

The eye of Horus is distinctly equated with the items of the preceding list, which therefore omits many objects mentioned in the funerary ritual. 190 The list may be summarized as follows:

Food: Breads, cakes, grains, meats, fowl, 'butter or cheese', fruits.
Drink: Wines, beers, water, 'milk'.

Unguents.
Cosmetics.
Clothing.
Insignia: Crowns, scepters, staves.
Incense.
Libations.
Natron.
General terms for offerings.

Attributes or possessions of the king:

His head.
His soulhood and control.
His terror (that inspired by him).
His pyramid and mortuary temple.
The king himself.

Miscellaneous:

Olive-tree in Heliopolis.
Willow-tree.
Altar.
W3y-feast.
Barque.
Whole or part of Egypt itself.
H3'3r or l'r.

VIII. Two Eyes of Horus

424 King is to take (m) the two eyes of Horus, the black and the white, to illumine his face.  33
425 Osiris the king is to take the two eyes of this great one and be satisfied with them (h3tp hr·śn).  103

188 Cf. label of such an object on coffin of Mentuhotep (Steindorff, Gräbliche des Mittleren Reichs, Pl. III).
189 Sethe's rendering, quoted by Breasted.
190 E.g., those identified with 'the hnk which came forth from Osiris' (Pyr. 37, 39, 90, etc.).
F. Eye of Horus—

426 Geb has caused that Horus give his two eyes to Osiris the king, that latter may be satisfied with them. 583

427 'King's son' as Horus has come bringing (nym) the two bodily eyes of Horus to king to lead latter [to firmament unto Horus, to sky unto the] great [god, and to avenge] him on all his enemies. 69–70

428 'Kings son' as Horus brings to king the two eyes of Horus, which rejoice latter's heart (pyj'·t(y) yb·f). 71

429 King, after punishing his enemies with one of the eyes of Horus, returns it and causes that Horus see with both his eyes. 1240

430 Cf. also 96(F 166, 184), 108(F 166, 116), 253(E 11)

IX. Unrestored Fragments Alluding to the Eye

431 Eye mentioned in broken passages. 1923, 2166

G. Other Mythological References to Horus—

1 King has looked to Horus, Set, Ybrw, and the two ut·yq-yb as Horus looked to (m31 n) Isias, as Nub-k3·w looked to Selket, as Sobk looked to Neit, as Set looked to the two ut·yq-yb.18 487–89

2 Isias found her Horus and conducted his arm to Re to horizon. 741

3 Isias the Great bound on the girdle (is·t mdb, scil. upon her son) in Khemmiss, bringing her 'censer' (dtyk) and burning incense (ydy) before her son Horus the young child (hr·nyn), that he might journey over the land in his two white sandals, going to see his father Osiris. 1214–15

4 Horus and his mother Isias each brought (nym) the other's heart (yxb). 1640

5 Isias. See also 1199(G 17)

6 The cow that crosses the lake (nm·t (qj)n) leads king to great seat born of the gods, born of Horus, begotten of Thoth (g3·t wr·t yr·nfr·w yr·t·Hr wt··Dhwy). 1153

7 Horus opened mouth of Osiris with the adze of metal . . . 13–14(E 86)

8 Mouth of Osiris was opened (wp) by his beloved son Horus. 179

9 King's mouth is opened by Horus with his little finger (gb3·nḏy) wherewith [he] open[ed] the mouth of his father Osiris. 1330

10 Libations (kbh·w) of Osiris (here the king) came forth (pr) from his son Horus. 22

11 Osiris was caused to qdb and to live by his various relatives: Atum, Shu, Tefnut, Geb, Nut, Isias, Nephthys, and Horus, as well as by the great and the little divine enneads as a whole; but as for his brothers Set and Thoth, he was caused to qdb and to live and to punish (is) them. 167–78

12 These (the text preceding) are the two charms (le·wy) of Elephantine which were in mouth of Osiris, which Horus uttered (is) concerning the vertebrae (bksw). 234

13 Osiris ferried over to the firmament on a pair of reed floats (shn·w), with his son Horus beside him (yr gb3·wy·fy, lit. 'at his two fingers') on another pair to sustain (nḥy) him and cause him to dawn (rdg ḫc f) as great god in the firmament. 464–65

18 In the cases of Horus, Nub-k3·w, and Sobk at least, the looking is to the mother, apparently for sustenance and help.
G. Other Mythological References to Horus—

14 Horus avenged (*ndj) his father Osiris. 573(C 101), 758, 898(C 102), 1406(D 204)
15 Horus avenged his father. 633 and 1637(B 8), 1685(E 74), 2191(E 27)
16 Horus made (*grj) a *wdj t-garment for his father Osiris. 740
17 Osiris commended (*wd) Horus to Iasia on that day when he made her pregnant (*šrjr). 1199
18 Going forth (*pr t) of Osiris the king from his house is the going forth of Horus in embrace (*m šwnw) of Osiris the king. 1539
19 King's going (*šmr t) is like the going of Horus to his father Osiris, that thereby latter might become a spirit and a soul, receive obeisance, and gain control. 1730
20 King's goings are the goings of Horus in embrace (*m šwnw) of his father Osiris.189 1860
21 Horus performed a crossing of the lake (*nm : i-šk1t)190 for his father Osiris the king. 1550
22 King's equipment (*špd) is upon him (*tp f), which Horus gave to Osiris. 1559
23 'Priest' (1st per.) brings (*yym) to and puts on (*wd(y) n) king the green cosmetic (*wdw) which Horus put on his father Osiris. 1081-82
24 Horus embraced (*šbn) his father Osiris, (when) he found him upon his side in *Gšty. 1799
25 Horus gave life (*rdj f 'nḥ) to his father, [presented] satisfaction (*šw-f) *wš8 to Osiris, before (*šmr nḥt) the Western gods. 1980
26 Osiris. See also 742(F 39), 956(E 28), 970(E 102), 971(D 251), 974-75(D 252), 1215(G 3), 1558(E 24), 1824(E 105), 2115(E 163)
27 The *šw of the Southern Palace (*pr wr) runs for the Great One (Horus, cf. 853b); the Northern Palace flees before him (*wr n - k pr nwr). 852
28 Earth is bidden to hear what Geb said (when) he was glorifying Osiris (here the king, cf. 1012a) as a god, (when) the watchers (*wrš w) of Pe made offering (*udn) to him and the watchers of Hieraenopolis honored (*śḥ) him like (*yš) Sokar, 'Horus, H3, and *Hmn'. 1013
29 Watchers. See also 795(G 39)
30 The Two Truths (*mr š-t). 317(G 54)
31 Horus bound (*mr) himself to his offspring (*nḫy t etc.). 647
32 Morning-star, Horus of Dewart etc. is entreated to give to king his two fingers which he gave to the Beautiful One (*nfr t), daughter of the great god (*nfr 3) at separating (*wp t) of sky from earth, even at ascending (*pr t) of the gods to the sky, he being a soul (*b3) and dawning in the bow of his ship (described under D 282). 1208-9
33 Nḫy-serpent. 663(D 292)
34 The great god (*nfr 3), some solar deity. 1208(G 32)
35 Eastern gods (*nfr : w ṣḥty : w). 1209(D 282)
36 Western gods (*nfr : w ymnty : w). 1980(G 25)
37 Gods of Pe. 1209(D 282)

189 Cf. with the foregoing 768, etc. (D 8-9).
190 Cf. 1153(G 6). Ferryman is called *nm 'š3 in 1224.
G. Other Mythological References to Horus—
38 The gods in general. 799(G 39), 937(G 44), 1217(E 91), 1658(G 57)
39 Earth is hidden to hear what the gods said and Re said (when) he was
glorifying king that latter might receive his spirithood before the gods
like (yš) Horus, son of Osiris, when he (Re) was giving him (Horus) his
spirithood which is among the watchers of Pe and was honoring him as
a god among the watchers of Hieraconpolis (N repeats 'Pe' instead). 795
40 Horus expelled (šōr) Re from the south (rē-t) of the sky. 2158
41 Nile (H-syp). 2047(C 79)
42 Horus crushed (ṭbb) with his foot (ṭbw) the mouth of the hfrw-serpent,
trapper of the phallus (ḥb-hnn). 681
43 Orion (Sḥk). 261(E 21)
44 Set is hidden to remember and take to heart (tywt(y) yb yb·k) the speech
of Geb and the threat (frw) which the gods made against him in the
Prince-house in Heliopolis because of his felling (ndy) Osiris to earth,
when Set said: "I did not do this against him," that he might prevail
(ḥm) thereby over (n for m.t) Horus. 957–58
45 Horus took (yfy) estate (pr) of his father from his father's brother Set
before (m bḥk) Geb. 1219
46 The first body (ḥ·t) of the 'company' (yd·w) of the triumphant (mıs·ḥrw)
was born before the attack (ṣnd) took place, before the voice arose,
before the reviling (šnl·t) occurred, before the conflict (ḥnw) began
(verb in each of these four phrases is ḫpr), before the eye of Horus was
plucked out (kny), before the testicles of Set were wrenched off (yty).
1462–63
47 Set. See also 850(D 160), 971(D 251)
48 Shu. 317(G 54)
49 Šnl-serpent. 681(C 80)
50 King is Horus who came forth from acacia (ṣnd) upon being commanded:
"Guard thyself, O lion (ṣw ḫw rw)!" 436
51 Horus followed and loved Geb, while latter dawned as King of Upper and
Lower Egypt controlling all the gods and their kās. 1625–26
52 Geb. See also 317(G 54), 957(G 44), 1219(G 45)
53 The Two Lands (t·w) bowed before Horus and feared before Set. 57
(F 265)
54 King as Horus, the heir of his father, triumphs (mıs· ḫrw:) through that
which he did. Tfn and Tfn·t have judged (wdr) him; the Two Truths
have held the (legal) hearing, with Shu for a witness, and have com-
manded that there revert to (phr n) him the thrones (nısı·w) of Geb.
316–17
55 The great cavern (yph t ur·t) of Heliopolis was opened (um) for Horus of
Letopolis (ḥmty ḫm). 810
56 Dḥ·t-nḥḥ·w·t. 522(D 235)
57 Thoth put (tywt(y)) the gods beneath Horus ... in the audience-hall
(dḥ·w) and the 'court of justice' (tywt(y)-mıs·n). 1658
58 'Horus made a sitting' — — —, that the judgment might take place (ḥpr
wdr·mdw). 2988
59 Miscellaneous. See also 378(D 156), 551(D 289), 854(D 55), 905(E 90),
2004(E 174)
H. Miscellaneous—

I. Used in Titulary
1 "Horus" a designation used in royal titulary. [6], 7a, 8, 736
2 "Harakhte" thus used. 7b
3 "Hr šḥm m' Nbty" thus used. 6–8 and 736(A 85)

II. Double Horus
4 Two green Horuses (Hr · wš md · wš), in obscure connection. 457
5 Double Horus (Hr · wš), presider over estates (ḥnty · wš pr · wš), lord of food (nb · dyq · wš), great one (dwelling) in Heliopolis (wr (y)m(y) Ywnw), is asked to give bread and beer to king and to make flourish (š · wš) the king, his offering-table (wdw), and his butchering-block. 695–96

III. Feasts, etc.
6 King celebrates his yearly feasts (mp wš)\(^4\) in Field of Rushes\(^1\) like (my) Horus, son of Atum. 874
7 King is to rejoice (ḥby) at every feast (ḥḥ) of Horus. 1672
8 Seasons (y · tr · wš) of Harakhte. 1693(C 57)

IV. Broken Passages Unrestored
9 ——— like (my) Harakhte.\(^4\) 1384
10 ——— life for Horus. 1825
11 Horus has put for himself ———. 1857

\(^4\) That wš mp wš here means "celebrate yearly feasts" rather than "spend years" is shown by comparison with 1650, where pr · n · (y) rmp · wš · k appears. This again is paralleled by pr · n · (y) \(\text{iš}(y) · wš · k · \text{mp} · wš · k \) (šmd · wš · k resp.) in 667.
\(^1\) This phrase does not appear in 347, whence part of the context is restored.
SUPPLEMENT

Offspring of Horus

NAMES

* Not expressly called "children" or "offspring" of Horus.

$H^3py$, Dw$\dot{t}$-mw $\cdot$ f, Ym$t\dot{y}$, and Kbh-$\dot{m}$n-$w$ f. *149, *552N, *1092, *1097, *1228N, 1333, 1339, *2101

$H^3py$, Dw$\dot{t}$-mw $\cdot$ f, Kbh-$\dot{m}$n-$w$ f, and Ym$t\dot{y}$. *552TM

$H^3py$, Ym$t\dot{y}$, Dw$\dot{t}$-mw $\cdot$ f, and Kbh-$\dot{m}$n-$w$ f. *1228PM, 1548, *1983

Ym$t\dot{y}$, $H^3py$, Dw$\dot{t}$-mw $\cdot$ f, and Kbh-$\dot{m}$n-$w$ f. *601, *1483, 2078

OCCURRENCES

See C 23–26, also individual names in Appendix.

CLASSIFIED REFERENCES

A. Epithets—

1  ffw $y\nu w$ y$\dot{b}w$, "these four spirits." 1092(C 8)

2  ffw $y\nu w$ $ntr\cdot w$ m$\dot{b}$-$w$-$fr$ $mr\cdot f$, "these four gods, the children of Horus, his beloved." 1548(E 5)

3  ffw $y\nu w$ $rh\cdot w$ ny-$\dot{sw}$-$l$ . . . msw$t\cdot fr$ $hm\cdot y$, "these four royal intimates, . . . offspring of Horus of Letopolis." 2078

B. Magical or Mystic Name—

1  [(w)t-$w$, "the assembled ones."] 1983

C. Relationships—

I. GENEALOGICAL

1  Filial relation to Horus is summarized in C 23–26.

2  Are grandchildren of king. 1983(E 7)

II. Position Occupied in Relation to Other Divinities

3  Are souls (b$\dot{t}$-$w$) of Horus. 2101(D 208)

4  Are king's right side, which is in Horus; while $H(w)$-$\cdot$ndrw, $Hnty$-$w\dot{d}$-$w$-$fy$, Nephthys, and $Hnty$-$n$-$pt\cdot ty$ are king's left side, which is in Set. 601

5  Are with king as he is ferried over to Field of Rushes. 1092(C 8)

6  Are royal intimates. 2078(A 9)

III. Relations on Part of Other Divinities

a) Actions

7  Horus uses his children to aid king. 24(E 137), 619(E 101), 637(E 102, E 10), 766(E 137), [1828](E 138), [1829](E 102, E 10)

8  $Hfr$-$k$-$b$-$f$ is bidden to ferry these four spirits over to Field of Rushes as comrades of king, two on each side. 1092

* This and similar citations in Roman type refer to the treatment of Horus proper; italics indicate citations from this Supplement.
C. Relationships—

  b) Position Occupied

  9 King is called their father. 1333(E 8), 1340(E 11)
  10 King controls them (ḥmn ym·šn). 1328(E 138)
  11 King has joined himself with them. 647(C 24)
  12 King is identified with each of them individually. 1097
  13 King is one of these four gods. 1483

  c) Attitude

  14 Horus loves them. 1548(E 5)

D. Nature—

I. Attributes and Powers

  1 Are gods. 1483(C 13), 1548(E 5)
  2 Are spirits (ygb·w). 1092(C 8)
  3 Live on truth (hm³·t). 1483

II. Habitat

  4 Are bidden to bring (for king's ascent) the barque "Eye of Khnum" which
     is in the Lily Lake (mr n ḫš) in P; but MN have mr pw n ḫm, 'this lake
     of the ḫm-bird'. 1228
  5 Are ferried over with king to Field of Rushes (ḥb·t-yr·w). 1092(C 8)
  6 Guard land of Upper Egypt (ḥšm³). 1483

III. Attitude toward Other Divinities

  7 Have loved king. 647

IV. Parts of Body

  8 ḥb·w, fingers. 1983(E ?)

V. Equipment

  9 Lean (twš) upon their ḥšm-staves. 1483

E. Activities (All in Behalf of King)—

  1 Count (yp) for him. 24 and 766(E 137)
  2 Have smitten his enemy and made red his blow, have punished him and
     suppressed him of the evil odor (the enemy). 643
  3 Are to protect life of (ṣb s₃-nb ḫš) their father Osiris the king from him who
     would cause that he suffer (ṣb) in presence of the gods. 1333
  4 Are to smite Set and avenge Osiris the king on him. 1334
  5 That which is in slayer of the king in the hinder parts is for these four gods,
     the children of Horus, his beloved. 1548
  6 Bear (wšŠ) king. 619(E 101)
  7 King's assembled grandchildren have raised (šš) him, [washed his face],
     'cheeked' (yšš) his weeping, and opened his mouth with their wondrous
     (byš·w) fingers. 1983

187 Cf. 330 (note 97).
HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

E. Activities (All in Behalf of King)—

8 Expel hunger from belly and thirst from lips of king. 552
9 Bring to king his name of "Imperishable (y-ḥm-ḥk)." 2102(D 208)
10 Betake themselves under king, without any of them escaping, and carry (f) him (in ascent?). 637, 1338, 1823, 1829
11 Are to carry and lead (ššm) their father Osiris the king (in ascent?). 1340
12 ḫ3py and Dw3-mw-t.f are the king’s arms, enabling him to ascend at will to the sky; and Ymsṭy and ḫkh-šn-w.f are his legs, enabling him to descend at will to the underworld (mn.t). 149
13 Bring to king the barque "Eye of Khaum" (for ascent). 1228(D 4)
14 Rise before (ḥ n) king and bind for him a rope-ladder whereon he ascends to Kheprer in east side of sky. 2078–79
15 Are to recite "chapter of the king (r3 n yt(y))" for him. 1334

F. Mythological—

1 Cf. references under E above, in most of which the king is clearly identified with Osiris.
2 Possibly cf. 258d: "The gods of East and West are satisfied with the great thing which came to pass in the embrace of the offspring of the god (mśw·t-nfr)." This may refer to the mśw·t-Hr, for epithet nfr stands independently for Horus (A 41).
### APPENDIX

**INDEX OF OCCURRENCES OF DIVINE NAMES IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS**

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<tr>
<td>Yṣw·t·w·t·j (Osiris, name used independently)</td>
<td>13(E 86), 16, 17(D 191), 22(G 10), 29 (king's name omitted by error), 31, 39, 57, 62, 63, 105, 117-18, 134, 144 (C 4, D 22), 145(C 59, E 178), 146(E 179), 155(E 121), 161, 167-78(G 11), 179(G 8), 186, 215, 218 and 222(D 78), 234(D 12), 251, 308 and 312(F 144), 313, 350 (n. 145), 364, 443, 464(G 13), 466(C 89), 467(D 224), 472(E 112), 493(E 4), 517, 520(D 201), 523, 549, 573(C 101), 574, 622, 625, 638, 684(D 14), 691, 722, 740(G 16), 742(F 39), 749, 752, 754, 757, 758(G 14), 759, 778, 788, 790, 793, 795(G 39), 819, 826, 832, 848, 865, 872, 882-84, 895(C 99), 898 (C 102), 899, 923, 956(E 28), 957(G 44), 960, 963, 964 and 966-68 (n. 57), 970(E 162), 971(D 251-52), 972, 984(D 48), 988(D 65), 1004-5 (cf. C 27), 1012, 1013(C 28), 1033, 1035, 1044, 1068, 1090, 1122(D 89), 1129(E 5), 1157, 1194-95, 1199(G 17), 1201-2, 1215(G 3), 1222, 1236, 1256, 1258-59, 1264(E 180), 1267(E 181), 1280, 1282, 1291, 1297-98, 1325, 1330(G 9, C 90), 1354, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1392-93, 1395, 1406(C 5), 1419, 1428, 1448, 1450(F 142), 1486-87, 1500, 1502, 1505(C 83), 1516, 1520-21, 1523, 1525, 1549 (n. 72), 1551, 1556, 1558(E 24), 1559(G 22), 1567, 1643(F 56), 1655, 1676, 1723, 1886, 1951, 1964, 1973, 1981, 1997, 2009, 2089, 2098, 2144, 2188, 2192 Cl. F 144</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1657, 1658(C 5), 1665-66, 1672, 1681-82(G 23), 1683, 1730(G 19), 1748,
1761, 1799(D 261), 1800, 1803, 1804(E 146), 1833, 1860(G 20), 1882, 1978
2055 (n. 117), 2068, 2076, 2092, 2097, 2103(C 103), 2105, 2108, 2111, 2115(E 163),
2144, 2201 Cf. 8, 1142, 1256

Yṣr (Osiris, in apposition with name of king\(^{19}\)): 8, 12, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 25,
30, 35-37, [43-44], [46-48], 50, 51, 54, 55, 59-61, 64-68, 72-103, 106-7, 110,
111, 113-15, 117, [246], 575, 582-83, 586, 590, 609, 612, 618-19, 626, 634, 633,
640, 645, 648, 651, 737, 765, 775-78, 786, 825, 831, 847, 849, 939, 960, 966a,
(name of king added by error), [1002], 1003, [1004], 1012, 1046, 1069, 1142
and 1250 (name of king added by error), 1258-59, 1262, 1333-35, 1337-43,
1379-80, 1382, [1383-84], 1385, [1386], 1523, 1531, 1539, 1544, 1550, 1607,
1609-10, 1615-16, 1619-20, 1622, [1623], 1683, 1685-86, 1696-1700, [1708],
1753-56, 1787-88, 1794-95, 1798, 1805-10, 1812-14, 1817, 1819, 1822, 1824,
[1826], 1828, 1830-31, 1838-40, 1870, 1872, 1894, [1899], 1973, 1975, 1988,
2033

Ym (Atum): 124, 135, 140, 145(C 58), 147, 148-49(D 180), 151-52, 154, 156,
158, 160, 167(C 11), [199], 207, 211(C 22), 212-13, 229, 241, 258(D 138),
281, 301(D 263), 304, 305(D 210), 380, 395, 425, 447, 479, 492, 518, 603-5,
701, 840, 843, 874(H 6), 879, 881(D 56), 942-43, 961(D 88), 992, 997, 1173,
1237, 1241, 1248, 1277, 1297-98, 1302(D 151), 1347, 1376, 1447, 1451, 1466,
1473, 1475(D 87), 1489(D 25), 1521, 1525, [1546], 1587, 1617, 1645-47,
1652-56, 1660, 1886(E 145), 1904-95, 1742, 1778, 1815, 1870-97, 1982,
1984, 2009, 2024, 2065, 2081-82, 2098, 2146, 2163

\(\text{ḥnty}\): 220, 614, 1833 Cf. 182

\(W^d\cdot t\) (Buto): 702, [792], 1671, 1875 (n. 50)

\(W^p\cdot w^3\ ut\): 126, 455, 463, 769, 953(D 232), 1009, 1011, 1066, 1090, 1287,
1304, 1374, 1379, 1438, 1638, 1979(E 173), 2032(C 98) Cf. 57, 643, 1215, 1239,
1806\(^{10}\)

\(W^t\): 607, 952(C 110)

\(W^n\) (error for \(Smn^w\)): 1094M

\(W^s\cdot t\): \(\text{ḥnty}\)

\(B^by\): 419, 502, 515-16, 1310, 1349 (n. 84)

\(B^ṣṭy\cdot t\) (Basb): 892, 1111, 1310

\(P^t\) (Pta): 560 and 566(D 207), 1482

\(K^t\cdot t\): 120, 123, 545

\(M^t\cdot h^3\cdot f\): 383, 597, 599, 925, 1222, 1227(F 97), 1769

\(M^t\cdot t\): 319, 323, 1580, 1768, 1774 Cf. 265, 1305, 1429, 1483, 1775, also duals in
317, 1315, 1785

\(M^y\cdot d\cdot t\): 230, 438, 440, 472, 685, 1212(D 255)

\(M^w\cdot t\): \(\text{ḥnty}^\prime\cdot y\cdot r\cdot ty\) \(= \text{ḥnty}^\prime\cdot y\cdot r\cdot ty\): 601, 826, 1265(E 180), 1431, 1864

\(^{10}\) For citations in thesis, see Horus-treatment \textit{passim}, especially §§ E and F.

\(^{11}\) Wolf erect on standard is found also as determinative of \(w^p\cdot w^3\) in 1913, of \(w^3\) in
13, of \(s\cdot n\) in 894 and 1015, and of \(m^t\cdot w\cdot y\cdot r\) in 921 and 1245.
THOMAS GEORGE ALLEN

Mhnty-'n-gr·ty1 (= Hnty-'yr·ty1): 771

N(y)t·t (Neit, orig. Nr·t·t): 489(G 1), 510, 606, 1314, 1375, 1521, 1547

Ngy·w: 207, 446 Cf. nyw, "ostrich," in 469

Nw·t·: 1–5, 7, 8, 25, 171(G 11), 208, 250(C 72), 275, 299, 383, 441, 459, 519, 530, 541, 543, 580, 597, 603, 616, 623, 626, 638, 698, 741, 755, 765, 777–80, 786, 802(E 108), 823(C 56 and n. 91), 824–25, 827, 834, 838, 842, 883, 902, 933, 941, 990, 1016, 1021, 1030, 1036, 1048 (n. 77), 1049, 1082, 1090, 1101, 1145, 1149, 1169, 1173–74, 1184, 1188, 1213(C 8), 1247, 1291, 1300, 1311, 1321, 1328, 1332, 1341, 1344, 1361, 1405, 1416–17, 1422, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1454, 1471, 1479, 1516, 1521, 1546, 1596(n. 167), 1607, 1629, 1655, 1664, 1688, 1702–3, 1720, 1758, [1833], 1835, 1895, 1960, 2028, 2034, 2037(D 62), 2041, 2052, 2057, 2061, 2107, 2150, 2171, 2178, [2206]


Nfr·tm: 268, 483


'Nn·t·: 207, 446, 1691

Nk·bh·k3·w·: 229, 340(n. 97), 346(C 35), 356, 361, 439(G 1), 1146, 1708 Cf. 161, 311, 315, 512, 2040

N·bh· t·: 696, 1229, 1451 Cf. 4, 123

Bkh·s (= Y·bkh·s and Y·kh·s): 1476

R· (Re): 6–8, 34, 57, 120–24, 128, 130, 132, 136, 145(C 59), 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, [199], 200 and 209(cf. D 28), 226, '227', 231, 263, 266–69, 273–75, 285, 310, 313–14, 328(C 112), 336, 337(D 31, D 36), 340(n. 97), 346(C 35), 349 (C 58), 351(D 32, D 36), 356–57, 358(D 32, D 36), 362(D 45), 366–68, 370, 372(E 94), 390(E 111), 392, 442, 449(D 162, cf. E 41), 452(B 4), 450–61, 470, 472(E 112), 473(E 166), 482–83, 490, 495, 517, 519(E 95), 531, 534, 542–43, 546, 590 and 506(D 207), 585, 597, 598(D 82), 599, 902, 607, 621, 636, 673(D 249), 698(F 280), 702(C 113), 703, 709, 799–11, 713, 721, 729, 730, 732–33, 741(G 2), 743, 750, 756–57, 760, 762, 778, 792, 793(G 39), 800(C 82), 804(C 85), 812–13, 819, 855–56(D 223), 886–89, 891, 893, 906, 915, 918–19, 922–23, 926(D 32), 927(D 37), 932(D 32), 933(D 37), 948, 950, 951(C 118, cf. A 48), 952(C 110), 953(D 233), 955, 971(D 251), 974–75(D 252), 990, 999–1000(D 39), 1016(E 160), 1029, 1044–45, 1049(D 60), 1063, 1084–86 (D 34), 1097(C 127, cf. E 169 and D 266), 1091, 1103(D 33), 1107–8, 1141–42, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1178–80, 1204, 1206, 1231, 1238, 1244(E 170), 1246, 1247(E 96), 1261, 1263, 1299, 1316–18, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1359, 1372, 1405, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1430(D 67), 1437, 1440, 1442, 1449, 1461, 1464, 1465 (E 118), 1469–70, 1471(n. 61), 1479, 1481, 1492–95(E 119), 1496–98, 1500, 1503, 1505(C 84), 1517, 1518(D 12), 1531–32, 1540, 1542, 1568, '1572',
Horus in the Pyramid Texts

[1574], 1582, 1669, 1679, 1686(E 145), 1687-88, 1692, 1694-95, 1705, 1709, 1719(C 86), 1720, 1734, 1739, 1759, 1773-74, 1785, 1802, 1808, 1835, 1862 (D 200), 1863(C 104), 1877, [1887], 1906, 1991, '2005', 2019, 2025, 2028, 2035 (cf. D 20 and D 62), 2045 (cf. D 40), 2047(C 79), 2048, 2062, 2077, 2090(F 319), 2095, 2158(G 40), 2169, 2172, 2174, [2175], 2183, 2206, 2208, 2212<sup>200</sup> Cf. 137a, 1212, 1355 Cf. D 221

R<sup>nn-ut</sup>: t: 302, 454(C 121) Cf. 1755, 1764

H<sup>j</sup>: 1013(G 28), 1712

H<sup>j</sup>·f-m-k<sup>3</sup>: f: 517

H<sup>j</sup>py: same occurrences as Ym<sup>ty</sup>, q.v. Cf. also 279

H<sup>j</sup>py (Apis): 286, 1313, 1998

H<sup>j</sup>y: 1390

H<sup>mn</sup>: 235, 1013(G 28)


H<sup>r</sup>-f-h<sup>3</sup>: f: 383, 999, 1001(C 8), 1201, 1227(F 97), 1441, '1585', Cf. 493

H<sup>j</sup>·t: 1029, 2080

H<sup>k</sup>-t: 1312

<sup>200</sup>R<sup>c</sup> occurs also passim in the royal names Mry<sup>r</sup>-R<sup>c</sup> (later throne-name of Pepi I), Mr<sup>r</sup>-n-R<sup>c</sup>, and Nfr<sup>r</sup>-h<sup>c</sup>-R<sup>c</sup> (throne-name of Pepi II).

<sup>201</sup>H<sup>r</sup> occurs also in the name Nfr<sup>r</sup>-h<sup>r</sup>-H<sup>r</sup>, early throne-name of Pepi I, which stood originally in 886c, etc. See Sethe, Pyramidentexte. I, xli, and Möller in Zeitschrift für ägyptische Sprache, XLIV, 129.
Hknwt: 288
Ht: t-Hr (Hathor): 466(C 89), 546, 705, 1278 Cf. 1025-27(D 58), 1327(D 59)
Hd t-set: 900
Hy-tlw: 242, 423, 518
Hypr: 199, 305(n. 110), 888, 918, 1210, 1445, 1546, 1587, 1652, 1695, 1757, 1874, 2079(E 14), 2083, [2206] Cf. noun "beetle" in 366, 501, 570, 697, 1301(D 3), 1633, 2107, also mb hrpr in 1771 and 1777
Hnsr: '402' Cf. verb in 130, 456, 748, 798, 881, 1049, '1306', 1510, 1984
Cf. 1666
Hnty-'yr'-ty (= Mnty-'yr'-ty etc.): 17(D 191), 148(D 180), 771, 826, 832, 1211, 1270(E 181), 1367, 1547, 1670, 2015, 2086
Hnty-'n-yr'-ty (= Hnty-'yr'-ty'): 601(C 4), 771
Hnmw (Khnum): 445, 524, 1227(F 96), 1228, 1238, 1769
Hrty: 350(n. 145), 445, 545, 1264(E 180), 1308, 1547, 1557, 1905
Sntw: 1019, 1094, 1152, 1250
Sp2: 17(D 191), 27-28(D 267), 244, 254, 425, 444, 663, 669, 1613(D 284) Cf. 1098, 1452, 1470, 2009
Sbık (Orion): 151, 186, 261(E 21), 408, 723, 802(E 108), 819-21, 828-83, 925, 959, 1436, 1561, 1717, 2116, 2172, 2180 Cf. 1763
Sbk: 426(D 155, D 275, n. 67), 489(G 1), '507', 510, 1564
Spdw: 148(D 180), 2701, 480, 904, 1476, 1863(C 104) Cf. 201, 1159, 1534
Spd-t (Sothis): 151, '270', 341, 357, 363, 458(n. 49), 459, 632(B 6, C 19), 723, 822, 929, 935, 955, 1082, 1123, 1152, 1428, 1437, 1482(n. 49), 1551, 1636 (B 6, C 19), 1707
Šrk-t (Selkis): 183, '227', '234', 489(G 1), 1001, 1273, 1314, 1375PM, 1427, 1435, 1469, 1547 Cf. Šrk- t-štw 1 in 606, 673(D 249), 1375N
Šqm t: 262(n. 83), 1547
Štw: 426
Ššt: 616
Ššn: '498', 1440, 1734(C 83), '2186'
Šš (Set): 14(E 86), 17(D 191), 20(F 288), 26(E 88), 27-28(D 267), 36 and 39(F 111), 48(F 115, F 273), 57(F 265), 61(F 110), 65(F 90), 73(F 117), 84(F 246), 88(F 110), 95(F 83), 128, 135(D 75), 141(A 6), 142(D 168, C 21), 144(C 4, D 22), 153(E 121), 183, 173(C 11), 204(D 23), 205(D 274), 211(C 22), 218 and 222(D 78), 261(E 49), 294, 390(E 111), 418(F 60), 473(E 166), 480(D 79), 487(D 81), 489(G 1), 518(D 129), 535(D 198), 575-76(E 50), 580, 581(E 50, cf. E 78), 587(E 73), 591(F 51), 592(E 70), 594(F 30, F 278), 595-96(F 100), 598(D 82), 601(C 4), 678(E 14), 679(F 67), 683(D 17), 685(C 77), 734(D 108), 746(E 97), 770(D 83), 777, 793(C 67), 798(D 9), 801, 823(C 50, n. 91), 826, 832, 850(D 160), 865, 915-16, 943 (D 84), 946(F 98), 948(D 85), 957-58(G 44), 959-60, 961 (D 86), 971(D 251),**

** Hrty appears later in proper names also, e.g., S1-Hrty and S3-t-Hrty on Brit. Mus. stela No. 224 and Hrty-ma-t-f on No. 308 (Hieroglyph. Texts . . . . II. Plates 28 and 29, XII. and XIII. Dyn. respectively, both from "Sams Collection, 1834").
HORUS IN THE PYRAMID TEXTS

972, 974–75(D252), 979, 994(D80), 1016(E160), 1033, 1035, 1067, 1145, 1148(E104, C69), 1150, 1219(G45), 1233(F107), 1236, 1242(F204), 1256, 1258, 1259(C67), 1264(E160), 1269(E181), 1285(C66), 1309, 1334(E4), 1407(F259), 1453, 1459, 1463(G46), 1465(E118), 1467, 1475(D87), 1487, 1493(E119), 1500, 1521, 1556, 1594(F291), 1595(F55), 1612(D284), 1628, 1632(E55), 1655, 1667, 1699, 1710(C68), 1719(D9), [1735](D75), 1742(F226), '1756'(F316), 1839(F218), 1904, 1906, 1928(D76), 1933, 1999, 2038, 2047(C79), 2071(D258, F35), 2099(D77), 2100(E175), 2162, [2213](F107) Cf. A 85; F106, 109, 113–14, 116, 179–80, 183–84; n. 65

Šty·t (Satis): 812, 1116


Šmwy: 403, 545, 1552(n. 72)

Šb: 1329, 2080 Cf. 127, 2154

Kbh·n·w·f: same occurrences as Ymšty, q.v.

Kbh·w·t: 687, '792', 1189, 1285, 1348, 1654, 1749, 1995, 2103

Gswt(y): 2080

Gib (Geb): 1–3, 7–9, 80, 101–2, 138, 139(F121), 144(C4, D22), 162, 170(G11), 218, 231, 255, 258, 277, 301(D263), 308, 312, 316, 317(G64), 324, 398, 439, 466(C89), 477, 480(D79), 483, 541, 576–78, 583(F426), 590 and 612(C62), 626, 634(C62), 639, 640(C63), 649, 655, 657, 675, 698, 779, 783, 787, 793, 796, 840, 843, 895(C99), 942–43, 957(G44), 961, 967, 973(D234, C91), 977 (F59), 993, 1012, 1013(G28), 1014, 1018, 1030, 1032–33, 1039, 1045, 1115, 1120, 1142, 1149, 1193, 1175, 1195, 1204, 1210, 1219(C45), 1235, 1239, 1264, 1277–80, 1296, 1300, 1321, 1327, 1343, 1353(D269), 1367, 1395, 1448, 1465, 1475(D87), 1489(D25), 1494(E119), 1610, 1613, 1621, 1538, 1540, 1546, 1569, 1615, 1616(n. 61), 1620(cf. C76, G51), 1627, 1643(F48), 1645, 1649, 1655, 1663, 1672, 1689, 1710, 1713, 1727, 1810–11, 1814, 1830, 1833–34, [1808], 1883, 1971, 1986, 1992, 2014, 2087(F122), 2096, 2103(C103), 2111, 2113, 2132, [2141], 2145, 2169 Cf. E 11 and n. 54

Ty·t: 56(F264), 738, 741 Cf. 737(F149), '816', 1642(F150), 1794 and 2074 (F249)

Tyb: 290, '1394'1

Tjn: 317(G54)

Tjn·t: 5, 160(G11), 288, 317(G54), 447, 552–53, 779, 842, 990, 1066, 1248, 1353, 1405, 1443, 1521, 1546, 1652, 1654–55, 1562, 1691, 1739, 1985, 2053, 2065, 2099

Dw3w: 480, 994, 1155, '1480'1

Dw3w·wr: 1329, 1428, 2042

Dw3w·wr·t·f: same occurrences as Ymšty, q.v.


Ddy: 073(D249, cf. E14), '1070'1
Thomas George Allen

Ddxn: 803, 994, 1017, 1476, 1718

Dn-n-xt-t: 321

Drj: 486, 700

Dhwy (Thoth): 10, 16, 17(D 191), 27–28(D 267), [43](F 294), 58(F 124, 126, 128), 126, 128, 130, 157(E 121), 163, 175(G 11), 329(C 112), 387, 420, 468, 519(E 95), 535(D 198), 575(E 56), 594(F 278), 595–96(F 100), 635, 639, 651(E 57), 709, 796, 830(F 125), 956(E 28), 962, 976(F 258), 1089(D 285), 1153(G 6), 1175(D 175), 1233, 1235, 1237, 1247(E 96), 1254, 1265(E 180), 1271(E 181), 1305, 1336(E 59), 1377, 1429(E 117, D 119), 1465, 1507(D 287), 1523, 1570(D 152, cf. E 144), 1613(D 284), 1658(G 57), 1713, 1725, 1979(E 60), 1999, 2118, 2150, 2213(F 127)

= 119

= 905(F 90)

= 2080

= in "m-s3f, throne-name of Mernere, passim

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